

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

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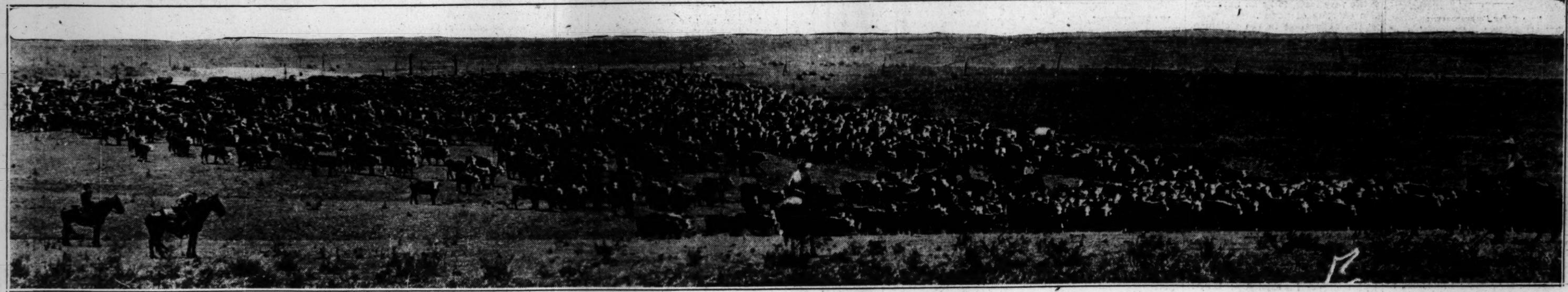
Twenty Pages

BOSTON, THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1929—VOL. XXI, NO. 102

ATLANTIC EDITION ••

FIVE CENTS A COPY

Round-Up of Vast Herds on Southwestern Ranges, Ready for Great Spring Trek to the Pastures of Prairie States



BIG CATTLE TREK BEGINS IN WEST AS SPRING OPENS

Thousands of Carloads Roll Northward as Green Pastures Call

HUGE CATTLE DEALS MARK NEW SEASON

1,000,000 Head of Stock for Kansas City Market Goes to Prairies for Summer

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Hundreds of thousands of head of cattle will soon join in the great annual trek. As in the old days when the search for grass forced the herdsman to move, the appearance of spring today sounds the call for migration. The 1929 herdsman trails his charges by railroad, but the motive is the same as in the day of Moses—the search for fresh pastures.

Preparations are in hand for the gigantic movement which radiates to the southwest of the Kansas City market. Owners of huge cattle herds on the Texas, Arizona and New Mexico ranges have been meeting at the annual cattlemen's conventions in Amarillo, Tex., and Wichita, Kan., with the owners of great pastures in Oklahoma, Kansas and Nebraska. Cattle are changing hands by the trainload, the "deals" running into millions of dollars, and pasture land is being leased by the hundreds of thousands.

The first blades of grass in the northern grazing country serve as the signal for the opening of the migration. Cattle then move north by the hundreds of cars, where the sets go until July and August. Approximately 1,000,000 head of these cattle will come into the Kansas City market in the late summer and fall.

The grassy Flint Hills range from the "Indian Country," the Otoe and Osage sections of Oklahoma, north

(Continued on Page 4, Column 4)

Continuing Rebel Retreat Reported by Federal Fliers

Declare Mexican Insurgents Have Left Jimenez—Naco Siege Is Threatened

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS
The Mexican rebels' apparent evacuation of the town of Jimenez in southeastern Chihuahua has been reported by federal airmen.

The insurgents were proceeding northward in the direction of the rebel stronghold of Chihuahua, and the Government looked for a battle at Bachimba Pass, strong strategic point south of that city.

The rebels, on the other hand, indicated that a clash was expected in the vicinity of Jimenez, no confirmation being given of the reported evacuation of that town.

Gen. Jose G. Escobar, rebel commander-in-chief, has repeatedly asserted he would lead an advance on Mexico City itself.

Otherwise a strict censorship veiled the plans of the insurgents.

Federal relief forces were expected momentarily to reach Mazatlan on the west coast, relieving the garrison which successfully held off a rebel attack earlier this week.

The Governor of the northern district of Lower California denied that local Mexican troops had been transported across Arizona territory to reach Naco where a federal garrison is holding out.

The federales at Naco, strongly entrenched, were still awaiting a long delayed attack by the rebels encamped 10 miles away. Unless an attack develops soon, they declared they would start "some activity" themselves.

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England to Welcome Swedish Fishermen

By WIRELESS TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Fleetwood, Eng.

CITIZENS of this Lancashire port are preparing to welcome on April 1 100 Swedish fishing trawlers manned by men who are teetotalers, non-smokers, and who do not fish on Sundays.

The boats are expected to arrive via the Caledonian Canal. In addition to the visit of the fishing fleet, Fleetwood will later be the home of about 100 steam trawlers from Lowestoft, Yarmouth, and Ramsgate.

NANKING GAINS FENG'S SUPPORT AGAINST WUHAN

Order Being Maintained in Chefoo—Japanese to Leave Shantung

SHANGHAI, China (AP)—Official announcement was made March 28 that Feng Yu-hsiang, whose attitude toward the conflict between the Central Government at Nanking and the Wuhan opposition had been uncertain, has now declared himself on the side of Nanking.

Among the fifteen points Mr. Maxse considers are remedial of the present situation are a moratorium on all debts, and that our creditors have disclosed that our annual tribute of £25,000,000 to be spent on battle cruisers; a reduction of the cabinet to five members, excluding all spending departments in order to permit of retrenchment; the rationing of the government as to preclude the rationing of all departments and the abolishing of the superfluous ones, thus saving £20,000,000 to £30,000,000 on the estimated 10 per cent toll on all imported foreign and manufactured goods; the reorganization of the sinking fund for five years, yielding £65,000,000 per annum; the reconstruction of the Bank of England to include industrial as well as money loaning interests; the bank rate maximum of 4 per cent to be ultimately reduced to 2½ per cent; trade and credit facilities, including a government loan of £100,000,000 to productive industry, raised at 4 per cent or possibly 3 per cent by premium bonds; reduction of the income tax to one millling on small incomes, and 6d. on larger ones; reduction of the death duties; a substantial reduction of excise duties with increased preference to imperial products; a constructive policy of imperial preference and emigration with the definite object of stimulating inter-imperial trade, including small duties on foreign wheat and meat accompanied by a government guarantee against a rise in retail prices.

The National Review editor claims that his unauthorized program would "knock the bottom out of radicalism, Socialism and Bolshevism."

NANKING, China (AP)—The third Kuomintang party national congress ended March 28 with a concluding speech by President Chiang Kai-shek.

The President denounced the growth of cliques within the party and said they must be eliminated. He declared the provincial Kuomintang committees must in the future co-operate with the provincial government officials instead of attacking them directly, as had been done in the past.

Heavy fighting is reported on the Hupeh-Anhwei border, the Nationalist forces claiming the capture of the town of Hushuei in Hupeh.

American Motor Rise Challenged

Morris Works in England to Enter Competition for World's Markets

By WIRELESS FROM MONITOR BUREAU

LONDON—The growing American hold on European automobile markets is challenged by Sir William Richard Morris, British pioneer car maker, who has decided to put back into his car-production works at Oxford and Coventry last year's entire profits, amounting to £900,000, with a view to launching out against competition in all parts of the world. This raises Morris motors reserve fund to £2,000,000.

Meanwhile, the Daily Mail says, Alfred P. Sloan Jr., president of General Motors Corporation, was in conference all day on March 27 at his headquarters here, while Henry Ford is hurrying to Europe to marshal his forces for expansion of European trade.

BANK OF ENGLAND CHARGED WITH DICTATORSHIP

National Review Editor Poses as Critic of Three British Parties

By WIRELESS FROM MONITOR BUREAU

LONDON—Leo Maxse, editor of the National Review, in the April issue criticizes all three parties, Conservative, Liberal and Labor, and advocates 15 points for "putting Britain on her feet." After assailing what he calls the ineptitude of the present Government, Mr. Maxse says: "The Socialist panacea for Conservative extravagance in the shape of an £800,000,000 budget is to budget £1,000,000,000 raised by the taxation of thrift." The Liberal remedy for unemployment is to cast the population onto the roads—a program which can only leave all things except perhaps the roads—worse than they found them."

Drastic measures and drastic men, says Mr. Maxse, are needed to save the situation. The first necessary step, he continues, is to "break the secret dictatorship of the Bank of England and the Treasury which is mainly responsible—more responsible than the general strike—for chronic unemployment."

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Action to Conserve World's Oil Initiated by American Institute

Permanent Committee to Study Co-operation With Other Nations—Agreement Reached by Leading Producers to Reduce Output to Level of 1928

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK—A permanent organization to bring about world-wide cooperation in the conservation of petroleum has just been launched here coincident with the perfecting of an agreement among leading companies to end overproduction of crude oil in the Western Hemisphere.

More than 50 oil executives, whose concerns control approximately 80 per cent of the output of North, Central and South America, met here in what was characterized as the most important session ever held by the American Petroleum Institute.

This group will study co-operation with other nations in the "world-wide conservation and orderly development of petroleum deposits and deal, to whatever extent is necessary, desirable and permissible, with the world situation, having in mind that this is possibly essential to the success of any real, effective conservation plan."

The scope of the committee's in-

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3)

SUNKEN BRITISH CRAFT PROVED 10½ MILES OUT

I'm Alone, When Hailed, Shown Well Within the 12-Mile Limit

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON—The position of the Canadian run schooner I'm Alone, when first hailed by the United States Coast Guard vessel, has been determined and the data is being brought to Washington from New Orleans by Arthur W. Henderson, special assistant to the Attorney-General's office. It was stated at the office of Seymour Lowman, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury in charge of Coast Guard, Customs and Prohibition, and at the Department of Justice, that the record position shows the I'm Alone was 10½ miles off the American shore when first hailed and accordingly well within the 12-mile limit.

It is ascertained that Leon Manay, the sailor fatally shot when the I'm Alone was sunk by shell fire, was a French citizen from St. Pierre-Miquelon, so that a fourth nation is involved in the incident.

At the French Embassy it was said that a full report had been made to Paris, and no action would be taken pending instructions. The disposition is to leave the determination of the international law involved to Canada, Britain and America. No representations to the State Department are anticipated.

No figures were discussed at the session, but an accord was reached on the line of a final approach to a full solution of the number and amount of the German annuities and total debt. The second stage has been passed and the conference enters, when it reconvenes on April 4, its final stage. The first was the drawing up of the scheme for a bank of international payments. The one now consummated was devoted to an agreement on the fundamentals of the international control of the economy.

Owen D. Young, as chairman, sketched the work accomplished to date and outlined the present position assumed by the committee. The basis on which the work will now be pursued when the committee reassembles is to be put in written form and examined by the members during the intervening week.

Some of the generally accepted rules for waiting on table will be outlined.

Ecuador Elects Ayora President

Constituent Assembly Names Provisional Executive for Constitutional Term

QUITO, Ecuador (By U.P.)—The National Constituent Assembly on March 27 elected Dr. Isidore Ayora, Provisional President of Ecuador, to the Presidency of the Republic. Dr. Ayora won 42 votes out of a possible 54 in the Assembly. He will assume office April 12.

Three votes were given to the Conservative candidate, Rafael Maria Arizaga. Six went to Neptali Bonifaz, president of the Central Bank.

As a result of a coup d'état in 1925 resulting in military control of the Government, Dr. Ayora was appointed Provisional President by a military board and assumed office in April, 1926. He was re-elected on Oct. 10, 1928, by the Constituent Assembly for an indefinite term.

He authorized a return to the constitutional régime and convened a national Constituent Assembly of 57 members which met at Quito in October and re-elected him for a term to be defined in the new Constitution, at a later date.

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PHILADELPHIA FIGHTS FOR CITY MANAGER PLAN

Good Government Forces to Put Their Own Candidates in Field

By A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

PHILADELPHIA — The action of the State Senate Committee on Municipal Affairs in refusing to report out the bill permitting Philadelphia to hold a referendum on the city manager form of government, has resulted in a determined effort being made by good government forces in this city to put its own candidates in the field at the next election to overthrow the machine.

The city manager bill was never permitted to come out of committee although scores of letters and appeals were made to have action taken on it in the legislative halls. In disposing of it the committee stated that the city manager form of government was still in an experimental stage, was fraught with great complications "and might lead to untold scandals in municipal debauchery." The committee stated that more time was needed for study and decided to postpone action indefinitely.

New Political Alignment

Friends of good government immediately began to rally their forces and organize for a new political alignment that will provide strong competition for all city offices now held by organization men at the fall election and at all subsequent elections. A conference was held at the offices of the Committee of Seventy, of which Thomas Raeburn White is chairman, and which sponsored the city manager bill, to plan a campaign.

At the same time the Women's League for the city manager plan got together and wired Max Aaron, State Senator, of the municipal affairs committee, that although defeated, they felt that the plan had made great headway and that its supporters would continue to fight for it. They announced that they had adopted the slogan, "Go Right On Working."

Replying to Mr. Aaron's plea that more time was needed to study the plan, Mr. White said:

Used in Other Cities

The plan of government proposed in the bill has been in use in other cities for many years. It was suggested last November that such a plan be prepared for Philadelphia. The public response was instantaneous and overwhelming. If Senator Aaron and his colleagues are ignorant of the city manager plan and its operation in practice, it is because they have failed to avail themselves of the opportunities offered. In saying that there is "no merit" in the suggestion that the bill should be passed in order to allow

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Act of Oct. 3, 1917, authorized on July
11, 1918.

the people to vote upon it, they overlook further opportunities for education which Senator Aaron indicates they so much desire and which would be afforded in the six months or more which must elapse before there could be a vote on the subject.

Opportunity to Vote Asked

It is evident that a large and responsible element in this community desires the opportunity to vote on the measure. The refusal of the committee even to allow the bill to come before the Senate for action seems at the very least to be an unreasonable exercise of power.

The suggestion in the statement that the city manager form of government "might lead to untold scandals in municipal debauchery" discloses profound ignorance of the manner of which the city manager form of government operates; if this solemn warning be accepted as representing the point of view of the political organization which is responsible for the scandalous conditions in Philadelphia, as they have been disclosed in the immediate past, it can only be regarded as buffoonery.

Charter Committee Remains

"Undoubtedly this proposition will be proposed again to the legislature two years hence and if then enacted, no time will be lost in putting it into operation as it was, in no event, to become effective until 1932. In the meantime the Charter Committee will continue in existence; it will push the campaign of education and will co-operate with other political elements interested in the improvement of city affairs. It is high time that the citizens of this unitary organization gain control in Philadelphia and the domination of a bi-partisan organization which exists solely for personal and political advantage of its members.

The Charter Committee will undoubtedly co-operate with efforts to this end, and when members of the Legislature seek re-election they will be asked to pledge themselves as to their attitude toward a reorganization of the government of Philadelphia in order that it may be placed upon a more businesslike and nonpolitical basis."

COMMONWEALTH BACKS PUBLIC OPINION LAW

Legislation designed to prevent the holding of another "straw" referendum, such as that of last fall advising state senators to vote for a memorial to Massachusetts members of Congress to seek repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment, was defeated in the Massachusetts House of Representatives.

The bill passed in the Senate after the adoption of the memorial, proposed to limit the right of Massachusetts public opinion law to members under exclusive jurisdiction of the state. This law permits questions of public policy to be placed on the ballot in legislative districts.

At the same time the Women's League for the city manager plan got together and wired Max Aaron, State Senator, of the municipal affairs committee, that although defeated, they had made great headway and that its supporters would continue to fight for it. They announced that they had adopted the slogan, "Go Right On Working."

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Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at the Christian Science Publishing House yesterday were the following:

Philip Steadman, Sydney, Aust.

Mrs. Melva Ingerson, Grand Manan, N. B.

E. Engman, Calgary, Can.

Mrs. V. Engman, New York, N. Y.

Mrs. Francis H. Gage, Dover, N. H.

Mrs. Flora C. Randlett, Newton, Mass.

Mrs. Charles Rimbauer, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Mrs. McGuire, M. Purnell, Cincinnati,

Ohio.

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black dull crepe dressmaker style; Patou georgette neckline (near right). Women, 39.50.

black flat crepe with "jabot" lingerie touches, after Jenny (left). Women, 49.50.

black silk crepe with Louise-boulanger's flounces; white surprise blouse line (far right). Women, 25.00.

WOMEN'S DRESS SHOPS
—Fourth Floor

SLATTERY'S
OPPOSITE BOSTON COMMON

'HEAP GOOD MAN' IS DESIRED TO GUIDE INDIANS

No Suitable Bureau Chief Found So Far to Handle New Federal Policy

WASHINGTON (AP)—Ray Lyman Wilbur, Secretary of the Interior, is looking for a man for Commissioner of Indian Affairs who will be suitable for that position, he will work himself out of job.

The new Interior Department has the task of the solution of the Indian problem, the elimination of the guardianship of the government over the Indian and the transformation of the native Americans towards independent and self-sufficient citizens.

Such a solution of the Indian question as he sees it, necessitates a new direction for the Indian office and a stiff course of "hardening off" for the Indians.

Fairness Immediate Start

Mr. Wilbur does not believe that the problem can be solved over night, but he thinks a new program can be started at once. It is understood he has the backing of President Hoover in declaring that this program must be worked out before a Commissioner for Indian Affairs can be selected.

There has been no lack of applicants for the job. More than 100 Indians, all of whom desired to be in one way or another to know the last word in administration of Indian affairs, have applied for the position.

The first step in the new Indian program as it has been tentatively worked out would be to establish in certain sections of the country employment agencies which would take the Indian in hand as soon as he has finished school.

Mr. Wilbur believes a trained and educated Indian should be kept as far away from an Indian reservation and its influences as is possible.

Quick to Learn Crafts

Those who have been associated with the education of Indians have reported that the Indian is especially apt with his hands, can be trained with ease as an airplane or automobile mechanic, and takes to handicrafts such as weaving and pottery molding like a duck to water.

It is the intention of Mr. Wilbur to see that the Indian schools pay particular attention to this type of training and then have the employment agencies place the trained Indian.

The economic questions arising from the ownership of Indian land will be dealt with according to the federal law as they come before the department.

Oil Conservation Program Started by Pact on Output

(Continued from Page 1)

TERMINAL STUDIES will include the question of restriction of the output of foreign oil fields, the elimination of duplication in distribution and efforts to check wasteful consumption of petroleum. The status of countries which do not produce oil, but which consume petroleum products, also will be studied, upon the theory that these nations have a direct interest in the use which is made of the world's oil reserves.

The expectation that European and other producers will fall in line with the world-wide conservation program was indicated at the session here by Sir Henri Detdering, managing director of the Royal Dutch Shell Company, who is regarded as the spokesman for the European petroleum interests. Sir Henri was a guest at the conference, after which he declared that he was "100 percent" for co-operating in the limiting of production. This agreement will affect important fields in Mexico and Venezuela in which the Royal Dutch Shell has major interests.

Confidence European Parleys

Further informal discussions concerning the world situation are expected to take place here before Sir Henri's return to Europe. He is the

guest of Walter C. Teagle, president of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey. The discussions here will probably be a continuation of the informal talks on oil conservation held in Europe recently between Sir Henri, Mr. Teagle and Sir John Cadman, head of the Anglo-Persian Oil Company.

The agreement among the producers to limit the output in the Western Hemisphere calls for a reduction of about 200,000 barrels a day. This curtailment is to be made effective by voluntary agreement among the companies, although some states have adopted legislation by which a controlling influence is exercised. The question of additional federal or state legislation is to be the subject of detailed study by the regional committees.

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The detailed production limitation report, drafted by the general committee of which R. C. Holmes, president of the Texas Company, is the chairman, received unanimous approval from the board of directors meeting under the leadership of E. B. Pease, president of the institute. The entire program will be submitted to the Federal Oil Conservation

power and effectiveness in dealing with brokers' loans.

Congress Has Sought Method

Students of financial legislation in Congress have endeavored for a number of years to devise means for holding down speculative stock trading. Proposals have even gone to such lengths as to call for outright outlawing of speculative trading.

Such projects, however, have always encountered the question of constitutionality. Those who have studied the matter for the purpose of strengthening the reserve system's authority to cope with the problem hold that the best hope for reform lies in the use and control of credit facilities.

This is the plan upon which Mr. Glass is declared to be framing the bill, which it is understood will be introduced by him during the special session. Whether it will pass for consideration then is still undetermined, but it is believed, committed hearings on this measure and on others which are expected to be forthcoming are looked forward to with assurance.

Arbitration Is Key to Balkan Discord

Drafts Measure to Enlarge Reserve Board's Power to Check Speculation

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON—Carter Glass (D.),

Senator from Virginia, who was Secre-

tary of the Treasury under Presi-

dent Wilson and one of the auth-

ors of the Federal Reserve Act,

has introduced a bill to give the Fed-

eral Reserve Board power to

check speculation.

BY WIRELESS TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia.—The real

value of the friendship agreement

signed by Greece and Yugoslavia, ac-

cording to Alexander Karapatos,

Greek Foreign Minister, is that

it marks the mutual desire of both

countries, not merely the govern-

ments but the peoples, to renew the

normal friendly relations which will

tend to a definite pacification of the

Balkans.

He added that Greek policy toward

Bulgaria was as peaceful as that

toward Yugoslavia.

Dr. K. Kumanudi, Yugoslav Foreign

Minister, declares that an innovation

which differentiates the pact from

similar ones is that for political dis-

putes two forms of procedure are

provided, one, submission to the

League and the other, reference to

a special arbitration court.

From time to time in Senate de-

bates on the question, Mr. Glass has

declared that the resources of mem-

ber banks of the Federal Reserve

System are too much drawn into

speculative operations. It is his

opinion that if a method was formu-

lated that would keep the funds of

the speculative market a whole

some adjustment would result and

stabilized fiscal situation prevail.

One of the provisions of the Glass

bill, it is understood, proposes to

enlarge the Federal Reserve Board's

power and effectiveness in dealing

with brokers' loans.

He added that Greek policy toward

Bulgaria was as peaceful as that

FIXED PROGRAM DIFFICULT IN AIR, ZEPPELIN FINDS

Airship, Back From Orient
Tour, Discovers Sudden
Rerouting Necessary

BY WIRELESS TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
BERLIN—On its first Orient pleasure cruise just completed, the Graf Zeppelin covered 5040 miles in 81 hours, crossing six different countries.

Flying over the Dead Sea, which is 400 meters beneath sea level, the airship sank to 156 meters under sea level. It is not only the first airship to do this, but it probably also reached a greater depth than any submarine.

Experience proved that on such long nonstop flights over many countries, important towns cannot always be crossed during daytime. Thus Jerusalem, the real goal of the flight, was reached by night, also Vienna was crossed in the middle of the night.

It was also found that the course of the ship may be changed abruptly owing to storms. Thus Dr. Eckener, the commander, did not fly over Constantinople, as originally planned, but turned south and flew over Athens because he wanted to spare his passengers a rough passage through a storm.

Passengers also learned that an Orient cruise in spring or alrigh will not necessarily be pleasantly warm.

The cruise also brought home the fact that an airship must not cross any country at will. Dr. Eckener had been made to understand that Britain would object to his flying over Egypt, as originally planned, and it was also believed that Britain would be adverse to his landing in Palestine. The flight as a whole was undoubtedly one of the pleasantest ever made in the history of aviation. It opens a new field of activity for the airship, which should bring the nations of the world still closer together.

BRITAIN PRESERVING ANCIENT MONUMENT

Area Around Stonehenge to Be
Unmarred by Trade

BY WIRELESS FROM MONITOR BUREAU
LONDON—Stonehenge, "Frontpiece to English History," henceforth will be immune in its pastoral setting from the inroads of modern invention, thanks to the successful appeal for funds to purchase 1444 acres of the rolling downs which surround it.

The fund was still £2000 short of the requisite figure of £32,000 be-

ginning this week but the last pound was received just four days before option on final northern plot of 650 acres lapsed March 31. Two sectors to the south have already been purchased. The area is to be handed over to the national Trust for the Preservation of Ancient Monuments to be maintained undefaced in perpetuity on behalf of the Nation.

One of the first steps taken is the removal of the derelict government airframe and huts of war days which form the latest episode in the history of this monument built none knows when nor why.

17-Year Litigation Ends by Payment of \$1,741,000

Western Union Telegraph Co.
Hands Check to Louisville
& Nashville Railroad

LOUISVILLE, Ky. (AP)—A check for \$1,741,000 given on March 27 to the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, by the Western Union Telegraph Company, ended litigation of 17 years' standing, believed to be unique and of unprecedented proportions.

The check is for rent claimed by the railroad for the telegraph company's occupancy of its right of way poles and wires during the controversy.

An announcement of the settlement came from general offices of the railroad here. The settlement was made in New York by Whiteford R. Cole, president of the railroad; Newcomb Carlton, president of the telegraph company, and attorneys for both corporations.

The check was paid in compromise and settlement of a judgment rendered by Judge A. M. J. Cochran of the Federal Court of the Eastern District of Kentucky, which was appealed to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals at Cincinnati, and argued there a year ago.

By the settlement, \$2,300,000 in round numbers, was allowed for rental, from which was deducted approximately \$540,000, representing an admitted account held by the Western Union against the L. & N. for services and facilities rendered during the period of controversy.

The litigation was precipitated by the action of the Western Union in canceling its contract with the L. & N. in 1912 and the filing of condemnation proceedings to acquire a right in perpetuity along the railroad company's properties. When the Western Union thus canceled its contract it was notified by the L. & N. to vacate its properties. This it refused to do and obtained injunctions restraining the railroad from ejecting it. It was for the occupancy protected in these injunctions that the L. & N. filed suit which is now settled.

VIRGO BEGINS NINTH TOUR OF WORLD

BY WIRELESS FROM MONITOR BUREAU
LONDON—J. J. Virgo, who, after 14 years' work for the Young Men's Christian Association of South Australia came to England in 1900 and gave a great impetus to British "Y" development along modern institutional lines, has left London on his ninth world tour carrying a letter of appreciation and good wishes from Queen Mary. On his last previous tour Mr. Virgo took a special message from the King to the youth of the Empire.

The itinerary includes Egypt, Palestine, Iraq, India, Ceylon, Australia, New Zealand, Fiji, Honolulu, the United States, where Mr. Virgo will address meetings in September and October. He will attend the Jubilee Celebration of the Y. M. C. A. and T. W. C. A. in South Australia in June.

MANY SETTLERS START FOR BRITISH DOMINIONS

BY WIRELESS
LONDON—Speaking at Nottingham on empire settlement, L. S. Amery, Secretary for the Dominions, said

AVAILABLE NOW

A Director of Printing, Visualize and Layout direct mail, national or trade paper advertising. Familiar with advertising sales and merchandising, art, engravings, type and printing processes. Office Manager, Superintendent, Foreman. Trained in printing and advertising production under New York conditions. Four years in Boston. Let Box No. C-43. The Christian Science Monitor be the medium through which our needs may be supplied.

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Nunn-Bush

Ankle-Fashioned Oxfords



Ankle-Fashioning, exclusively Nunn-Bush, means a hand-tailored ankle fit by special methods—no gapping, no slipping at the heel.

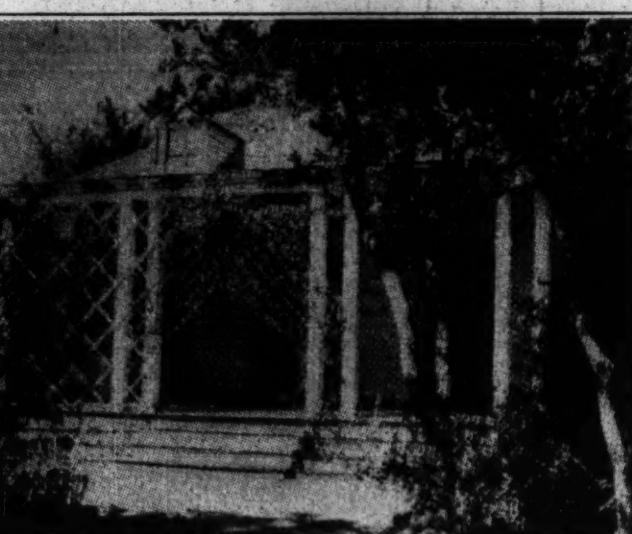
\$8.50 to \$13.50. Style Book and name of nearest dealer on request. Also sold at the following exclusive—

Nunn-Bush Shoe Stores

NEW YORK—1462 Broadway
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DETROIT—715 So. Clark St.
CLEVELAND—509 Euclid Ave.
RICHMOND—245 Grand St.
MILWAUKEE—Three downtown stores

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—1006 Walnut St.
OMAHA—1306 Farnam St.
(Opposite 13th and Farnam St.)
SAN FRANCISCO—60 Kearny St.
DENVER—16th Street and Larimer St.
ST. PAUL—400 Robert St.
ST. LOUIS—706 Pine St.
BOSTON—6 School St.

Here Is House That France Built



Austin (Tex.) Woman Owns and Lives in Dwelling Once Occupied by Count Dubois de Saligny, French Ambassador.

and British dominion students at Oxford has passed the committee stage of the House of Lords and is now unopposed.

Unanimity regarding the bill has been reached by the trustees accepting the contention put forward on behalf of Jamaica and Bermuda that the three scholarships accorded these islands should be guaranteed against reduction as already provided for those which concern the United States, Canada, Newfoundland, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and Rhodesia.

FARMERS URGED TO SEEK TARIFF FOR PROTECTION

Co-operatives Open Move
for United Front in De-
mands on Congress

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON—Representatives of co-operative marketing associations, meeting here, urge upon co-operatives of the United States, that an energetic and concerted effort be made to secure an adequate and effective tariff on such agricultural commodities as may be benefited by protective duties.

The most practical way to bring matters to the proper consideration of Congress they point out is for the co-operatives to present briefs concerning schedules in which they are interested.

Organized agriculture is urged to oppose the formation of new, or the enlargement of existing, reclamation and irrigation projects until the production of land already under cultivation is on a profitable basis.

Pottery in most delightful forms and colors, hangings with designs in batik or crayons which are real art pieces; basketwork, drawings, etchings, paintings, examples of weaving, work in leather, metal, paper and wood, and toys of many kinds, attractive enough to intrigue even a small king or princess, are included in the display.

A pencil study of a group of a half-dozen children after school hours, under the care of a "little mother," was drawn by a 10-year-old girl—Susie Harris. The capering children are vividly outlined in clever pencil strokes.

A group of water-color sketches, entitled, "Playing in the Park," made in from 10 to 20 minutes each by students of the School Art League, show a wide range of choice and are interesting as examples of rapid work.

A water front scene, in blues and browns with birds winging their way north on a bright spring day, is depicted in crayons on a muslin hanging by a young girl from Christopher House.

Many of the toys are brightly painted wooden animals, carved and colored by the busy fingers of settlement house children.

The exhibition is under the auspices of the United Neighborhood Houses.

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK—Art pieces and examples of crafts work made by settlement children during leisure hours in the winter months have just been placed on display at the Art Center in an exhibition which will continue through March 30.

Pottery in most delightful forms and colors, hangings with designs in batik or crayons which are real art pieces; basketwork, drawings, etchings, paintings, examples of weaving, work in leather, metal, paper and wood, and toys of many kinds, attractive enough to intrigue even a small king or princess, are included in the display.

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Hotel Hargrave

A Comfortable Place to Live
112 West 72d Street
NEW YORK

BY WIRELESS FROM MONITOR BUREAU
LONDON—The bill to readjust the territorial distribution of scholarships bequeathed by the late Cecil Rhodes for the benefit of American

Per Day
Room, Bath . . . \$3.00
2 Rooms, Bath . . . \$5.00
3 Rooms, Bath . . . \$7.00
SPECIAL WEEKLY AND MONTHLY RATES

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COOLIDGE CALLS FOR SAFEGUARDS TO PREVENT WAR

Writing in Magazine, He Offers His Definition of Adequate Defense

PHILADELPHIA (AP)—Peace, in the opinion of Calvin Coolidge, "perhaps is an ideal that can come only after generations which are more than our own."

Writing in the April number of the Ladies' Home Journal on "Promoting Peace Through Preparation for Defense," the former President says the Nation should take every precaution to prevent war, and that it also should take every precaution to protect itself to the fullest possible extent from the ravages of war, "if it does come." He says the Army and Navy serve the double purpose of prevention and defense.

Defines Adequate Defense

Mr. Coolidge declares the forces required for adequate national defense should be large enough so that others would see "that there would be a great deal of peril involved in attacking us," and not so large that the United States would feel it must undergo no peril in attacking others.

"No sure way has ever been found to prevent war," the former President says. "Opinions may differ as to whether nations with military forces are more likely to enjoy peace than those which neglect their defense. In the last analysis, this is a question of dealing with human nature."

"I very strongly suspect that if there were but one nation in the world supplied with an army and navy aid, to make the suppression of strong as possible, the day of retribution would not be long before the other nations had been overrun. It seems to me that it is almost a moral certainty that we should find some excuse for taking that action."

Two Sides to Picture

"But we know that other countries have a considerable ability to defend themselves, it is human nature for us to regard them with a more wholesome respect and be more careful about violating their rights. If we reverse this picture we can likewise conclude that if others

know that we are prepared to defend ourselves they will be less likely to commit offenses against us.

"Our army can be small because we are peaceful at home and far removed from attack by land. Also an army can be assembled quickly. Our navy is more extensive because our shores, our great commerce and our distant possessions must be protected, and it takes years to build a warship."

Mr. Coolidge's second article, "Promoting Peace Through Limitation of Armaments," appeared in the May number of the Ladies' Home Journal, and the third article, "Promoting Peace Through Denunciation of War," in the June issue.

Home Dedication Day Celebrated in 12 Countries

3,000,000 People Believed to Have Joined in Ceremony Encircling Globe

At a synchronized hour which provided for five minutes of simultaneous worship throughout the world, 3,000,000 people joined to recognize the blessings of home and to rededicate the family circle, during the third annual celebration of Home Dedication Day—observed here March 27—it is estimated by H. Augustine Smith, Director of Fine Arts in Religion at Boston University School of Religious Education.

At least 12 different countries participated in the event, some of the foreign centers where plans were completed for the special services including Smyrna, Turkey, Japan, China, Peru, Brazil, India, Germany, Korea, Spain and Australia. In many cities and towns throughout the United States the day was recognized with individual programs in homes, schools and churches.

"Instead of being weakened now, the home is becoming stronger every day," Professor Smith declared. "Instead of being an instrument of danger, the family car is a bond of unity. Instead of weakening the home circle, the common interest of radio has created it," he said.

Professor Smith and his family celebrated quietly the anniversary of world-wide Home Dedication Day which had its inception in the Smith home three years ago.

ANTI-TRUST LAW CHANGE SOUGHT AS AID TO PEACE

Better Business Relations Called as Important as Governmental Ties

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK—Amendments of the anti-trust laws to permit small organizations to enter into price agreements, and of the Webb-Pomerene Act to permit the United States to make industrial agreements in foreign nations, were urged by Benjamin A. Javits, a member of the New York bar, speaking before the commerce committee of the American Bar.

The average business man of small proportions, whom the anti-trust laws were designed to protect, is "made helpless" by these same anti-trust laws," Mr. Javits charged.

Law an Obstacle to Peace

He characterized the Webb-Pomerene Act as an obstacle to international peace and declared that it must be amended so as "to carry forward the great efforts for bringing about permanent peace which have been made by America and Americans in the last decade."

"We are lending money to virtually the whole world, to industry after industry, in country after country," he continued. "Yet the anti-trust laws stand in the way, while we are lending this money of our making to such agreements with industries in foreign countries as will guarantee the peace of the world and further our industrial progress."

"Agreement and understanding between the business of the various nations in the public interest is of great assurance for peace to the people of this country and those in foreign countries as is any agreement between the governments of the respective nations."

Consolidations Permitted

Gilbert H. Montague, also of the New York bar, pointed out that 18 years of construction, enforcement, and application by the Supreme Court have brought the Sherman Law to approximately the position where previously competing units may now consolidate, provided there remains outside the combine sufficient activity to insure continuous competitive conditions.

And the law, he added, so operates that business units and combines are not permitted to impede the lawful expansion of other firms or combines.

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BANKERS EXPECT TO SEE FLOATING STOCK INCREASE

Investment Trend Shown to Be for Dividend Payers That May Appreciate

Exceptional interest taken on all sides in the activities of the stock market has called attention to the widespread and increasing investment opportunities available to the part of the general public. The conditions which have led up to this, the part it plays in industry and in the welfare of the Nation and of the Nation's people, are treated in a series of six articles, of which this is the fourth.

By GILMORE IDEN

Recent studies made of the stock market indicate that there is a marked decentralization of holdings, and while the amount of "floating stock" is apparently large it is not nearly the volume conditions might warrant.

Bankers and corporation leaders look upon the development of new and more efficient methods of stock distribution as likely to bring about an even greater growth in total permanent stockholders during the next five years than in the past five.

The awakened interest in stocks which pay a fair dividend and at the same time have the opportunity of price appreciation because of growth and expansion, coupled with the growing number of persons who are able to save sufficient funds from month to month to buy a few shares of a corporation's stock, has inspired the belief that the present trend in stockholding is toward decentralization of securities, with a very large number of small and widely scattered holders.

Attention has been rather generally drawn to the operations on the stock exchange but more particularly because of the accretion in stock values. If these activities are analyzed aside from the fluctuations in values, it becomes apparent that there is a much broader interest in stocks, thus making apparent that we have reached an age when the public is in control and no longer is trading a matter of speculation between a few "operators."

Trading Facilities Expanded

During the past year especially, brokerage houses have opened up numerous branch offices throughout the country. Several hundred branches, it is estimated, have been added during 1928, showing that the desire to trade in stocks is not limited to New York or other financial centers. Also efforts have been made, with some degree of success, to open up other exchanges or add to exchanges already in operation. Such activity would have started had not there been a decided want of stock control and a scattering of speculative interest.

Interest in stock trading, very naturally, centers in the New York Stock Exchange. Since 1879 that body has limited its membership to 1100. The value of a seat on the exchange has constantly increased until the price reached \$625,000. It should be obvious that the membership would not consent to an increase in the number of seats without very good reason.

But the business on the exchange has mounted to such large volume during the past few years that it was physically impossible for the membership to care for it. Consequently early in February of this year it was voted to increase the number of seats to 1375, adding thereby 275 members.

This is the first time that such a step has been taken since the increase in the membership from 1060 to 1100 on Nov. 2, 1879.

In but recent years sales on the New York Stock Exchange rarely exceeded 1,000,000 shares a day. Within the past year the daily transactions have frequently exceeded 4,000,000 a day and sometimes 5,000,000. Such trading has not been concentrated into large dealings, either. On one day around Feb. 1, 1929, it was recorded that some 837 different issues were traded.

Historic Mansion Acquired by National Woman's Party

WASHINGTON (AP)—Forced to relinquish one historic structure, the "Old Capitol," to make room for the Supreme Court building, the National Woman's Party has obtained another having equally ancient associations.

The new headquarters of the party is now the residence of Senator Porter H. Dale of Vermont, and is said to be the oldest in Washington, having been built by Lord Baltimore for his daughter in 1772. 12 years before the site was selected for the national capital.

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passengers were carried by the French Line Service during 1928...without a single mishap. A fleet of 120 ships...and plied back and forth across the Atlantic and around the Seven Seas...British and Provence sailormen...with the tri-color aloft!...Chefs who never had a thought that wasn't French...a personnel that talks in English.

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French Line

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Grand Stand Seats for the Big Show



Wide World

When the United States ship Arkansas passed through the Miraflores locks of the Panama Canal on her way to the base at Guantanamo, the entire crew ranged themselves fore and aft and up and down so as not to miss the sights.

Housewife's Mileage Is Reduced by Half

Pedometer Tests Show Home-Maker Covers From Three to Nine Miles Daily

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BURLINGTON, Vt.—From three to nine miles a day are traveled by the average farm housewife in the pursuit of her duties, according to tests made by the extension service of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College.

The tests were conducted over a

period of a week with a group of 30 women who were equipped with pedometers. It was found that the most of the distance was covered in the kitchen. By rearranging and grouping equipment as suggested by the extension service the distance was cut down from one-half to two-thirds.

A survey among 2000 homemakers recently made by the Bureau of Home Economics of the United States Department of Agriculture shows that the average homemaker still spends 51 hours a week in housework, as compared to a 48-hour week for industrial labor, and this in spite of modern improvements.

Britain Forming Big Coal Combine

Amalgamation of 10 Firms Is Expected to Result in Substantial Savings

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

MANCHESTER, Eng.—A big coal combine, with a capital of £7,000,000, has been formed in Lancashire and has received the approval of a commission consisting of Mr. Justice Mackinnon, Sir E. Tindal Atkinson and Sir Lewis Coward. The new

and Sir Lewis Coward. The new

combine will amalgamate 10 firms, with directors of 22 members, and will be known as the Manchester Collieries, Ltd., with offices in Manchester.

The combine engaged the services of Sir Leslie Scott to present their case before the commission, under the terms of the Mining Industry Act of 1926.

From an engineering aspect the amalgamation is expected to bring about a simplification of plant and reduce the cost of mining, standard difficulties and enable more coal to be got out than would be the case if each colliery were working individually. Combination will also, it is expected, enable expensive experiments to be made as to the best commercial processes for coal carbonization.

Sir Ernest Benn Decries Politics

Speaker Calls Competition Ultimate Source of Britain's Blessings

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

LONDON—Sir Ernest Benn, who is well known for his vigorously independent views and who is one of the backers of the individualist movement, thinks Great Britain has more politicians than its commercial structure can support. In an address to the Economic League at Manchester he declared that although £1,000,000 a year (or £23 a week for each family in the country) is now going through the hands of office-holders, most of it is being spent without any sense of personal responsibility.

"The mass of the people," said the speaker, "are being told to look to the political instead of to the business man to supply their material needs. That is a false and a dangerous direction in which to look."

Sir Ernest said that much nonsense is now being talked about competition, which is a blessing, and not a curse, the speaker declared, and is the ultimate source of every material blessing the country now possesses.

PLEA FOR FRIGATE DENIED

WASHINGTON (AP)—A request from the State of Connecticut that the frigate Hartford, Admiral Farragut's flagship at Mobile Bay, be stationed at New London, Conn., has been refused. The Navy Department has announced, because the ship needs extensive repairs and is in no condition to make the trip from Charleston, S. C., where it is now stationed.

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Cherry, Magnolia and Forsythia Make Washington Colorful Scene

Springlike Weather Draws Flower-Lovers to the Many Beauty Spots Around the City—Camera Owners Reap Rich Harvest

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON—"The cherry blossoms are out!" The cry began on Sunday afternoon when summer sun beat the swelling buds to show a rift of color here and there. Regardless of calendar and precedents, they and other trees have decided that spring is here and are putting on their gay attire, the cherry trees in characteristically dainty fashion and the rich red-purple magnolias, soulangiana, botanically, are making a great show of themselves, not quite so insistent as the clumps of golden forsythia but magnificent in their way.

Around the basin the blossoming cherry trees form an exquisite circle reflected in the water. Eager admirers are to be found beneath the filmy branches all day and far into the night. The young blooms still have their pristine pinkness which will daily wane. Photographers maintain a constant clicking of their instruments. Youths and maidens pose self-consciously, children stretch out their arms gleefully toward the drooping branches—there is no lack of subjects for the camera.

Here and there, elsewhere in Potomac Park one catches a glimpse of blossoms: a tree in bloom among the double cherry trees which are not due yet for a fortnight; a mass of forsythia; gracefully drooping willows; a pink almond or a Japanese plum. There is a mystery magnolia ave-

nue about which there is wide report but which few find. It seems as if the only way to discover it is to start at the Lincoln Memorial, on an obscure road which soon becomes very bumpy, and there, in the midst of shrubbery, a magnolia tree in this short season of exquisite magnolias.

The Lincoln Memorial takes on new loveliness in its spring setting, and the Lee Mansion on the Arlington Hills in the distance across the river being spanned by a bridge, seems more imposing than ever.

Nearer inspection discloses the bronze statue of Lincoln with a peculiarly effective golden light falling upon it.

EDITORS FROM EUROPE TO VISIT UNITED STATES

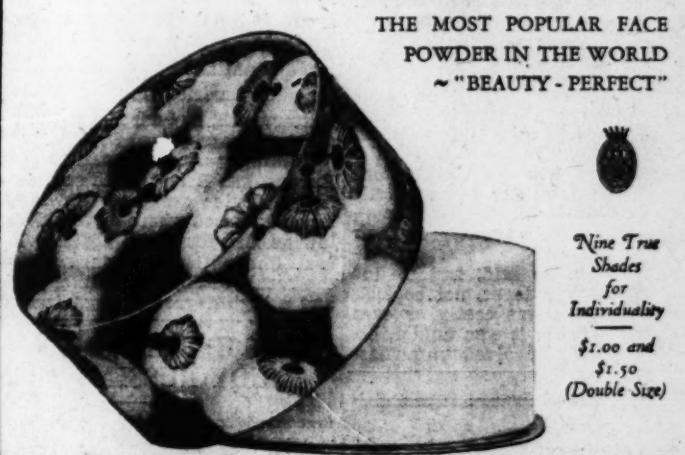
SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK—A group of editors of important European newspapers have accepted invitations to visit the United States this summer as guests of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, according to an announcement of the organization.

The editors will arrive here about the middle of May and will remain in this country for about two months. After passing a week in New York, they will visit Washington, Richmond, Atlanta, New Orleans, Denver, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Portland, Seattle, Mammoth Hot Springs, Yellowstone Park, Minneapolis and Chicago.

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The popular "wing tip" model in black or tan calfskin.

ULSTER SEEKS TO PRESERVE ITS BEAUTIES

Prime Minister of Northern Ireland Backs Move Against Roadside Shacks

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU
LONDON.—A special effort is being made at the present time to preserve the beauties of Ulster. The North of Ireland, like England and Wales, is being spoilt by uncontrolled building. All along the main road small houses are being erected on the system known as "ribbon" development.

John Seeds, vice-president of the Ulster Society of Architects, says: "If the abandon of greed and carelessness which gives birth to this kind of thing, is not soon controlled, our rural highway will shortly become endless streets of wooden shacks and galvanized iron petrol huts."

Lord Craigavon, the Prime Minister of Northern Ireland is keenly alive to the value of the beauty of architecture and the need to preserve rural amenities. The difficulty, however, with regard to the bungalows built along the roads, is that many of them had their origin in the war, and so long as there is a shortage of accommodation, so long will it be difficult to clear them away.

An example of the care being taken for the future of Ulster, it is interesting to remember that the British Government propose to build new Law Courts in Belfast of brick. Lord Craigavon wished them to be made of stone, and partly on his initiative the Northern Government agreed to pay the difference in cost between stone and brick.

Angell Upholds Arbitration Need

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
Speaker Tells London Youth There Is No Other Way Out of Moral Impasse

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU
LONDON.—Norman Angell, editor of Foreign Affairs, speaking at a youth rally at University College here on the subject of international justice and arbitration, said that a proper objection to war was that one had to kill others "for doing exactly what we should do in their place" for defending their country or their cause."

The nations, he said, had to find other means of defense, not because the war method was costly or even cruel, but because it was unjust, because it always involved unfairness.

SCOTS HERRING MEN STUDY RUSSIAN TRADE

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
ABERDEEN—George Hall, exporter, Aberdeen, and James H. Mitchell, fish curer, Aberdeen, have been appointed to represent the herring trade in the delegation which is to visit Russia to study trade conditions there.

The appointments were made at a conference of the different branches of the trade, at which it was also agreed to hold a further conference in April for the purpose of fixing a definite date for the opening of the herring season.

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Laying Deep-Sea Cable Romantic Story Even in This Wireless Age

Here Is a Sailor's Tale of Special Ship That Drops Miles of Rope to Mountain and Valley at the Bottom of the Sea

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

LONDON.—At the present time, with so much being written and said about the wireless, many enthusiastic owners of radio sets, and radiocasting, are very busy in their ideas of cables. Some indeed go so far as to state that cables are now obsolete, and they are much surprised when informed that cable laying still goes on in various countries.

The fact that wireless messages can be picked up by anyone possessing a proper receiving set, subject of course to the set being in the area of messages sent out, is of course a distinct drawback to the sending of private information. By cable, however, all communications remain secret between the transmitter and receiver, and they often hear news which would mean a scoop to any newspaper, if divulged. So it is because of this secret means of sending messages that the cable still holds its own, and still has a great future, story. In fact so much so, that not long ago a new cable ship was launched, fitted with all the latest devices to aid in speedy laying and repair work. This particular ship is to take the place of the old vessel Faraday, which for half a century did useful work.

Cable making is a separate industry needing great skill, and expert workers. An average sized cable is composed of a central stout copper wire around which are laid 12 smaller copper wires; over this is a coating of rubber or gutta percha composition; the foregoing is called the core. Next comes a covering of brass tin foil, and over that is a binding of rope yarn, which in turn is covered by 12 stout wires and then a final coat of solution. Cables naturally vary in thickness, the shore end being much larger than that which is laid in deep sea. The loading of cable into the tanks aboard ship takes some time, as each coil has to be laid evenly to prevent "ridges," that is sections of cable rising out of their proper layer. Lime wash is used in stowing and loading tanks to help preserve the cable. The tanks are something like miniature gasometers, and when containing cables for a few weeks (especially in the tropics) give off very strong fumes which turn paint and metal work black. So strong are these fumes at times that silver coins, watches, etc., in the pockets of clothing hanging in adjacent cabins also turn black.

Sometimes a ship is detailed to complete a cable started by a sister ship. This means, the buoy to which to be located. At this point, done by searchlight, the buoy itself appears as a small light, also a flag for daytime. If the sea is at all rough the lowering of a boat, getting to the buoy and securing the unfinished cable, is a rather exciting job. It also provides thrills in the shape of sharks.

Once secured, the cable end is hauled aboard and spliced to the new supply several hundred miles in length. Then the paying out commences, the cable passing round huge revolving drums and rollers on deck and finally over big grooved wheels called "sheaves" to the seabed ocean bed. The ship in the meantime moves at about seven or eight knots. While the cable is dropping over the stern on one side, piano wire is passing into the sea at the same time from a drum usually containing 160 miles. This wire is laid as a means

of measuring how much cable is passing astern. The piano wire, by the way, is never picked up again. The strain on a cable as it passes into the sea would be about 10 tons and this, of course, varies with the size being laid.

Laying cable is carried on by night as well as by day, the work being done in a special cable gangplank. Each ship has a testing room complete with telegraph instruments by which each new section of wire laid is tested. There are other mechanical devices on board connected with the work, but space forbids description. To a seafarer who has spent all his time in passenger or cargo ships, it comes as a surprise to find that a cable ship carries a crew of 130 and upward. It is worthy of mention, too, that the cable service has a journal of its own, full of all that is of interest to the work. cable craft visits many places which are out of the ordinary shipping routes, and life aboard such a ship is very interesting.

JENKS BILL AGAIN BEATEN IN ASSEMBLY

New York Legislature Opposes Prohibition Enforcement Act

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

ALBANY, N. Y.—Legislation for prohibition enforcement in connection with the Volstead Act has just been defeated in the New York Legislature, when a motion to bring the Jenks bill out of committee failed in the Assembly by a vote of 72 to 68—four votes short of the 76 necessary to get the measures before the House for action.

Fifteen Republicans voted with the wet Democratic minority to defeat the bills. There was no debate on the motion to call up the bills from the Rules Committee.

Mrs. D. Leigh Colvin, state president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, declared that the defeat of the Jenks bills meant "the beginning and not the end of the campaign for state enforcement." "We will try to elect a dry Assembly this fall," she continued. "We appreciate the action of the men who supported the Jenks bills."

The Senate passed the 2-cent Republican gasoline tax bill, scheduled to go into effect May 1, and also adopted the measure restoring the \$6,000,000 appropriations voted by Governor Roosevelt, providing the approval of legislative fiscal leaders is required, with that of the Governor in disposing of lump sum appropriations.

Four of Strindberg's plays, translated through the auspices of this foundation, have just been published. The English public soon will have opportunity through the work of this foundation to study not only Swedish literature, but also Swedish art and music.

UTILITY TAX BILL PASSES FIRST TEST

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

CONCORD, N. H.—The House of Representatives has passed a measure proposing a franchise tax on electric and gas utilities. This is the first of the major recommendations of the special interim tax commission.

The institute is to consist of three sections, with 15 members to each. The president of the institute is to be chosen by the King from among the presidents of the three sections.

BRUSSELS TO HAVE COLONIAL INSTITUTE

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BRUSSELS—King Albert has decided to establish a Royal Colonial Institute at Brussels. He first conceived the idea during his visit to the Belgian Congo. Colonization is to be taught at the institute and the college is also to undertake publicity propaganda in support of the Belgian Colony.

The institute is to consist of three sections, with 15 members to each. The president of the institute is to be chosen by the King from among the presidents of the three sections.

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SHAW'S GIFT BRINGS SWEDISH TO ENGLAND

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

COPENHAGEN—When Bernard Shaw presented his Nobel Prize to encourage Swedish-English cultural co-operation, a great impetus was given to the study of Swedish literature in England. This generous gift has done much to make good translations of the best Swedish literary productions available in England.

Four of Strindberg's plays, translated through the auspices of this foundation, have just been published. The English public soon will have opportunity through the work of this foundation to study not only Swedish literature, but also Swedish art and music.

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tion to be accepted by the House. If it becomes a law, the tax will bring the State nearly \$500,000 additional revenue.

A bill to abolish the Department of Weights and Measures, which would have effected a saving of \$2500 a year, was defeated. The Senate passed a bill placing a tax on business good will. This was designed to place chain stores on the list of taxable properties.

NATIVES' RIGHTS GUARDED UNDER LABOR REPORT

Three Tests Recommended in Determining Need of Compulsory Work

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

GENEVA.—The International Labor Office has issued a report on the question of forced labor among native populations entrusted to the care of various governments, prepared in connection with the discussion which is to take place at this problem at the next International Labor Conference in May.

The report, which was prepared with the assistance of a committee of experts on native labor looks to the gradual disappearance of this form of labor, and meanwhile recommends that the necessity for maintaining it should be judged by three tests,

the other quiet wild things that the average person fails to notice.

On the edge of Death Valley he caught a Costa-Hummer mother asleep on her nest—balanced precariously on a thistle, one of whose branches of stream he "swimmed" a day-old plover containing the hidden nest, leaves him to notice.

Other pictures include a sleeping duck, a mother deer nosing its fawn, a bear with three cubs, a California jay feeding its young, and a long-eared owl defending its nest.

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NEW YORK PUTS MODEL HOMES IN PLACE OF SLUMS

First Year of Main Unit's Operation Said to Prove System Practicable

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU
NEW YORK—The gigantic task of supplanting New York's slums with model apartments has just been advanced another step with the announcement by the State Housing Board that plans are being drafted for three modern tenements.

Announcement of the additional projects coincides with completion of the first year of operation of the largest unit developed under the State Housing Law.

During the 18 months that the law has been in operation, two major housing developments have been completed and two others are under construction and work upon a fifth is ready to be undertaken. These five developments will care for 1000 families and represent an investment of \$5,000,000.

Homes for \$2500 Incomes

The purpose of the housing law, as described by Darwin R. James, chairman of the housing board, is to encourage private enterprise to erect housing developments within the means of wage earners with incomes of \$2500 a year or less.

The projects are exempt from local taxation and the companies formed to undertake the developments are limited to dividends of 6 per cent.

Stock of the limited dividend company furnishes one-third of the required capital. The remainder is amortized over a long period of years, both interest and principal being included in the rates of \$8.50 to \$12.50 for each room.

The latest developments, however, are co-operative in character, in which the tenants themselves supply the initial one-third of the cost.

Unions Lead Capital

In cases where the tenants do not have the needed money, it is lent to them by local unions or other groups which sponsor the development.

The main co-operative unit is that of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, opposite Van Cortlandt Park, where 303 families live in modern, well-ventilated, steam-heated apartments amid surroundings which show a marked contrast to the cramped, dilapidated quarters which the tenants formerly occupied.

The second co-operative project, housing 130 families in the Bronx, was sponsored by the Jewish National Workers' Alliance of America.

The Amalgamated Clothing Workers' development, after a year of operation, has demonstrated not only the feasibility of model housing, but a practical method by which the small salaried worker may attain home ownership, according to Aaron Rabinowitz, a member of the State Housing Board.

MEN BANKERS 'BOSSED' BY WOMAN PRESIDER

Rose to Prominence Because "She Knows Her Job"

CHICAGO (AP)—Sixty bankers from 14 central states were bossed about by a young woman dressed in a chic brown ensemble and snappy felt hat, and the bankers seemed to like it. Mrs. Anna E. Daniel, president of the Central States Bankers Association and secretary of the Indiana Bankers Association, presided, and was the only woman present at the eighteenth annual conference of the central states bankers here.

"She knows her job," explained A. G. Brown, president of the Indiana Bankers Association, in telling why a woman was elected head of the central states bankers.

TOURING DEBATERS USE PLANE, BUS AND TRAIN

BROOKINGS, S. D.—A 3000-mile debate tour through 12 states by airplane, bus, and train has just been concluded by Albert Kranz, Watertown, and Chester Dickinson, Lemmon, two debaters at South Da-

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Ready-Mixed FLOUR

makes delightful SUGAR COOKIES

Cream $\frac{1}{2}$ cup butter, add 1 cup sugar, 2 eggs well beaten, and 2 cups Jenny Wren flour. Mix vigorously. Add 1 teaspoon milk, 1 egg white, 2 eggs beaten stiff. Add enough flour to roll. Turn out small portions at a time and roll out. Cut out shapes. Cut with cookie cutter, sprinkle with sugar and bake in quick oven, or at 500° F.

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kota State College. The two competed in 10 debates in 18 days, winning more than half of the decision contests.

The tour, one of the longest ever taken by a college debating team, covered Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Tennessee, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, and Minnesota, and was financed by guarantees from the schools with which debates were scheduled.

Beauty of Parks Closely Guarded

Careful Planning Called For Without Interfering With Enjoyment of Visitors

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU
WASHINGTON—Preservation of the national parks without interfering with the enjoyment of visitors, whom more than 2,000,000 are expected this season, is a problem receiving careful consideration by the park authorities.

"Where vast numbers of people gather, as in the central areas of the National Parks, only careful planning will avoid damage to the tender native flowers, shrubs, and trees," the Department of the Interior points out.

"Furthermore, road, trail, footpath, public camp, hotel and other construction involves a certain amount of disturbance to the natural landscape under the most favorable conditions. To protect the native vegetation and landscape, and restore it when necessary, is the duty of the local officers of the National Park Service, under the guidance of the landscape architectural division."

SCOT CONDEMS BRITISH UNIONISM

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

GLASGOW—"What is wrong with our industrial system," said Professor Bowman of Glasgow University, speaking on "The Moral Aspect of Britain's Decline" at Glasgow Rotary Club recently, "is that in Great Britain we have never had trade unionism. The workers are not organized in the interests of their trade, as craftsmen. They are organized in the interests of economic advantage—a totally different matter."

Professor Bowman maintained that the two great classes of the community must draw together in relations of sympathy and mutual understanding.

WOMEN WANT TO JOIN HAMBURG LOAN BOARD

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

HAMBURG—Representatives of 46 Hamburg women's clubs adopted a resolution supporting the demand of organized housewives that experienced women should be included in the advisory board of the Hamburg Building Loan Institute (Bebauungs-

bank). Although architects have frequently admitted that such co-operation would be desirable, there are no women on the board, and improvements greatly desired by women in the new houses built with the aid of city funds have not been realized, although these suggestions would not add to the cost.

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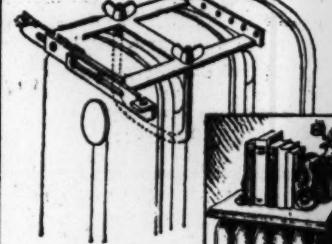
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RADIO & AVIATION

The Listener Speaks

IT WAS appropriate that a talk by the youngest member of the transportation family, the air service, should have been included last Wednesday in a program dedicated by Kolster and College Humor magazine to the youth of America. The speaker was Capt. Lester Seymour, who was heard at the conclusion of a glee club concert broadcast at 10 p. m. eastern time, from the studios of WMAC in Chicago, through the whole Columbia system, by Northwestern University singers.

Captain Seymour graduated from Syracuse University himself and later served with the 85th Air Squadron in France. Since that time he has been successively chief engineer, assistant general manager and general manager of the National Air Transport, but his brief but informative talk drew attention to the fact that, although the modern airplane's twenty-fifth birthday was celebrated last December, its use as a commercial means of transportation has only developed since the war.

The present operations of the air mail service in the United States were then outlined. It was stated that American planes engaged in this work cover every 24 hours a distance equal to the circuit of the globe plus the width of the Pacific Ocean, and that three-quarters of this flying is now done at night, with the aid of lines of 2,000,000-candlepower beacons and radio direction devices.

Still another valuable use to which radio is being put today was mentioned in this connection. Captain Seymour emphasized the importance of the weather reports which are supplied to pilots while they are in the air, giving details of meteorological conditions behind, before, and on each side of them.

The glee club from Evanston, Ill., which provided the bulk of the program consisted of 50 singers under the direction of Glenn Cliffe Bainum. Their concert opened with the stately alma mater song "Quaecunque sunt Vera" and closed with "Oh You Northwestern," which was sung in the typical "pep meeting" style with one whistling chorus and some other characteristic effects. Proceeding and bridging the gap from more serious fare was the Scottish folk song "Ranin Robin Robin."

The seventeenth century "Crucifixus" by Antonio Lotti gave reverent and chaste recognition of the Easter season, while James P. Dunn's setting of Shakespeare's "Under the Greenwood Tree" brought a different impression of spring. "Drink to Me Only With Thine Eyes" was another excellently sung number. It is one of the old favorites which is always worth hearing again and which sounds even fresher and more whole-some filled with youth and vigor.

This timely series of college glee club broadcasts will be continued in the Kolster period next week when Johns Hopkins will provide the concert.

D. H. D.

Pan-American Union Concert on Columbia Chain

The Pan-American Union Concert, consisting of works by Pan-American composers, outstanding among which will be those of the Cuban pianist-composer, Ernesto Lechner, will be broadcast from Washington over a coast-to-coast hookup of the Columbia Broadcasting System on Tuesday evening, April 2, from 10 to 11 eastern time, which is 7 coast time.

Ernesto Lechner is undoubtedly one of the most gifted pianist-composers in the world. He created a sensation in Paris and on the Riviera last year, and is coming to Washington from Havana especially to take part in this concert. Other talent will include Margarita Cueto, who is a prominent star of her own national opera house in Mexico City, and a gifted musical trio from Colombia.

The United Service Orchestra, which is contributing this concert,

is made up of 90 pieces, and will present many numbers never before heard in this country. Among these will be "The Voice of the Street," by Allende of Chile, a piece which has received commendation in all of the musical centers of Latin-America; special arrangements of two Ica selections; "The Suite From Uruguay," by very famous composer, and the waltz suite "Andalusia," by the celebrated Mexican Miramontes.

Altogether the Pan-American Union Concert will offer features a little different from anything that has been heard on the air, and that will make this hour one of outstanding interest.

Columbia will distribute this program over WABC, WNAC, WEAN, WFBL, WKWB, WCAO, WFAN, WJAS, WADC, WKRC, WGHP, WBBM, WOVO, KMXO, KOIL, WSPD, WHK, WLWB, WMAL, WCCO, WISN, KLZ, KDYL, KMTR, KYA, KEX, KJR and KGA.

Washington Notes

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

Washington EXPLORING for oil by radio has finally been authorized by the Federal Radio Commission, which has granted 12 licenses to the Interstate Geophysical Explorations Company, operating in Texas, Louisiana and New Mexico. The oil companies in this group will not only use radio waves for "sounding" the nature of the geographical structure, but they will employ radio for communication with their surveyors in the field. It has been estimated that \$100,000,000 worth of oil-bearing deposits have already been discovered through the medium of

radio.

Radio Censorship Declared

The former solicitor-general of the United States, James M. Beck, speaking recently before the Washington Chapter of the Sons of the Revolution, declared again effort to censor radio or motion pictures "before utterance." He said this would be as damaging to the American form of democracy as censorship of the press.

"So far as freedom of thought is concerned," said Mr. Beck, now a Congressman from Pennsylvania, "what possible difference can it make whether thought is conveyed by the press or by sound waves, or picture? In each case, what is shocked is the human mind, and if the ideals of liberty mean anything, one form of tyranny is as indefensible as another."

Argentina's Exposition

Argentina, one of the leading users of radio in South America, is preparing for an international exposition of radio, along with phonographs and motion pictures, to be held in Buenos Aires in May. American manufacturers are expected to be represented, for the Argentinian market offers a promising field for American radio exports. It is estimated by Lawrence Batson of the Department of Commerce that Argentina has 530,000 radio sets in use today. The pampas country thus leads all countries of South America in the extent of radio-reception.

Buenos Aires-Berlin Phone

It is now possible to telephone from Buenos Aires directly to Berlin, and thence to Switzerland, according to a report to the Department of Commerce. The rate is about \$20 a minute. Radio is used to span the distance to Berlin, and land lines carry the voice to Swiss telephones.

In this connection, it is interesting to note that the Mackay Radio and Telegraph Company is preparing to inaugurate a radiotelephone to South American countries while the American Telephone & Telegraph Company is already working on a giant radiotelephone station at Lawrenceville, N. J., which will enable foreign telephone subscribers to communicate with Buenos Aires and with telephone subscribers throughout South America, just as the transatlantic radiotelephone system now enables them to telephone from their homes or offices directly to almost all countries of Europe.

England-South African Beam

The Department of Commerce has been informed by its foreign representatives that a beam system of radiotelephone communication between England and South Africa has been projected for completion before the end of this year. The South African administration will work London from a newly enlarged multiplex station that can be used both for telephone and telegraph services, and also for sending pictures and facsimile reproductions.

Listeners Name Their Favorite Stage Stars

The glamour of the presence of a well-known theater or movie star on the stage seems to gloss over the little imperfections which go to make up the great artist who is often great because he or she has overcome such a limitation.

Mr. Werrenrath will sing a series of songs familiar to his concert audiences, including "The Two Grenadiers"; Captain Stratton's Fancy"; "The Road to Mandalay" and the Neapolitan Love Song" from Victor Herbert's operetta "Princess Pat."

The remainder of the program will comprise "Orpheus in Hades"; Rubinstein's "Melody in F"; Intermezzo from "Jewels of the Madonna"; Rimsky-Korsakoff's symphonic suite "Scheherazade"; Rachmaninoff's "Prelude in C Minor."

A trio of songs, comprising "L'Encore"; "Tambour Chinois" and "Le Cygne," will complete the program.

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

London

A NEW radio aerial system is being tried by the Imperial Airways. The wire, instead of trailing behind the airplane, is fixed to the wings so that transmission and reception can take place even when on the ground.

Arrangements have been completed for flying a night airmail service between London and Brussels and London and Paris. New aerial beacons have been installed at Croydon, Lympne, Brussels and Paris. This service is expected to save 24 hours in the delivery of provincial mails to and from the Continent.

Mr. Van Lear Black is now on his way to fly some 35,000 miles via Egypt, Capetown, India and China.

His intention was to return to Cairo from Capetown and then turn east.

He was not certain whether his home route would be by Sibera or by Baghdad and Cairo. His three-engined Fokker monoplane was specially built for this flight and is luxuriously fitted. It has sleeping accommodation for the crew, which consists of his valet, secretary, two Dutch pilots and a mechanic.

Lord Irwin, Viceroy of India, recently opened the new Delhi Flying Club. The Government has presented it with two Moth light airplanes to start with and is giving Rs. 20,000 a year for two years. The Viceroy prophesied that in days to come boys would learn to fly as they now learn to ride to bicycle.

Karachi too has started away with its own flying club and it already has 44 Indian and 52 European members.

Of these 22 sent in applications for training as pilots—six from Indians and 16 from Europeans, including two women.

The first passenger air line in Siberia between Belgrade and Zagreb has just been opened. The experimental service in 1928 completed 201 flights without a mishap.

Believed to be the first married couple in Britain who are both qualified air pilots, Mr. and Mrs. Naylor of Eastham, Cheshire, recently flew home from London in their own machine, taking turns as pilot.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

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CIVIL AVIATION TO BE FOSTERED IN GREAT BRITAIN

In Three Years Imperial Airways Flies 3,283,000 Miles Without Loss

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU
LONDON—Contrasting Germany's commercial flying of 45,000 miles per day with Great Britain's daily average of 3,000, Brig.-Gen. P. R. C. Groves, Honorable Secretary of the Air League of the Empire, urged the London Chamber of Commerce to use its influence to foster civil aviation. The Imperial Airways fleet, he said, numbered 21 machines, while France and Germany numbered theirs by hundreds. Owing to lack of machines, cross-Channel traffic had already been turned away to the advantage of foreign competitors. British aviation was second to none in the world. Imperial Airways in the last three years had flown a distance of 3,283,000 miles and had carried 37,600 passengers without injury to one of them—a good answer to the common question: Can commercial flying be made safe? The standard of reliability worked out at 99.8 per cent and on the 1135 miles of the Cairo-Basra route at 100 per cent. The steamer connection at Port Said had only been missed once in 21 months.

A very obvious need, said General Groves, was a flying-boat service from Hull to Hamburg, which would shorten the time from 26 hours to 4½ and, given air communication between Hull and Liverpool, there would be a saving of 24 hours between Liverpool and Hamburg, and Hamburg was the terminus of the 49,000 miles of air routes offering contact by air mail with distant parts of Asia and Africa. Another desirable line would be by flying-boat from London to Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Hamburg and the Baltic.

A flying-boat base at Rainham Ferry, near Woolwich, had been inspected by the Air Ministry but nothing had been done owing to the expense—less than £200,000—involved. With such a base, Antwerp could be brought within 1½ hours of London, as against the present 9½ hours.

London, concluded the general, was hardly served as regards the air.

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THE YOUNG FOLKS' PAGE

An Adventure in Friendship

The Mail Bag is so overflowing and many of the letters so interesting, that we have decided to publish another "Adventure in Friendship" this week.

Glasgow, Scotland

Dear Editor:
Though we have been reading the Monitor fairly regularly for some time now, I have not yet seen any Scottish contributions to the Mail Bag, so I thought a letter from Glasgow might be welcome.

We live out in the south side of the town whence we can soon get into the country with the car. Often in the summer we go for day-long sails down the Clyde. We go on board at Broonsleay quay, right in the town, usually about 10 o'clock in the morning. From that time until 12 or 12:30 p.m. we sail in a narrow waterway between every kind of ship. Some are big liners getting repainted and generally "done up"; occasionally a real sailing ship is to be seen. There are about four or five ferries which carry motors and foot-passengers across the river.

All the time, there is the clanging of the riveters hammering busily at the rusty iron sides of the scaffolding-surrounded ships-to-be. It is most entrancing to sail amongst all these activities past ship-building yards and docks past liner ferries, and dredges. For the river has to be continually dredged, or it would become too silted up to permit of such large ships sailing it.

But "just around the corner" from Rothesay, that favorite holiday town, lies Loch Striven. Sailing up there is like sailing up a real Highland loch, so similar is the scenery!

I should be very pleased to receive letters from girls about 14 or 15 years of age who are interested in photography.

Jean M.

[Your letter is very welcome, Jean. We have some letters from Scotland, but not very many.—Ed.]

Breslau, Germany

Dear Editor:
The first copies of the Monitor I received in school from my English teacher, who recommended us to read the paper in order to learn fluent English. I remarked soon that this paper did not bring anything of the bad occurrences in the world, like other papers do. Therefore, I began it, for the bad tidings are poisoning all the people, indeed. Since some time I am interested in the Mail Bag, and I wish to correspond with boys of my own age from abroad, in order to learn something about their country and the language. I am 17 years old. I should like to hear something from boys in America, England, or France.

Since June I have attended the Christian Science Sunday school to which I owe much good. I am interested in many sports, especially in rowing, swimming, and skating. Skiing. I consider the finest sport. This year I had a very good opportunity to practice this sport in our country school in the Riesen Mountains of Silesia.

Now I hope I shall find good friends through the Mail Bag, and that this correspondence will help my future friends and myself.

Heinz T.

Camp Lake, Michigan

Dear Editor:
This is the first time I have written to the Mail Bag and I shall try to make it interesting as I can.

We live in a state park, 12 miles west of Mackinaw City, called Wilderness State Park and Wild Life Sanctuary. There are 5400 acres in it. Our house is on the shore of Big Stone Bay, an arm of Lake Michigan, and from it we can see the Straits of Mackinaw. There is a nice bathing beach a little way from the house, where we go swimming in the summertime. We are nine miles from the nearest town. In the winter we can only get out with the sleigh. Our nearest and only neighbors are a family of fishermen, two miles from us.

There are many kinds of wild animals here. There are deer, foxes, coyotes, snowshoe rabbits, bobcats, raccoons, porcupines and beavers. There are also eagles, gulls, chickadees, woodpeckers and other kinds of birds.

A man is located in a fire tower to watch over the park in case of fires. If he sees a fire he calls the fire warden, who calls together a group of men to extinguish it.

Just before Christmas a game warden brought a deer out here from the Petoskey City Park. He turned it loose here and it has become a pet. Every day we come out for something to eat, and we give her oats and potatoes and carrots peels.

One day she came down the road leading another deer. Occasionally she would turn around to see if the other deer was coming. She brought it up quite close but it was timid and ran away.

It is 50 miles to the closest Christian Science church, so we cannot attend, but we study at home. We went to First Church of Christ, Scientist, at Lansing, Mich., before we came here. I should like to correspond with girls from any country. I am 13.

Elizabeth B.
[Elizabeth wrote a most interesting letter, only part of which is printed here. Only for telling us about your experience on the raft, Elizabeth.—Ed.]

Tartu, Estonia

Dear Editor:
I send my address to you, wanting to get some girl correspondents. I am 19 years old and soon this year I shall finish the high school of girls. So I, an Estonian girl, close my letter hoping to get soon an American friend.

Klara K.

Bromley Cross, Lanes, England

Dear Editor:
Although I have been a regular reader of the Monitor for some years, this is my first letter to the Mail Bag. The letters are very interesting and the Monitor itself is invaluable.

I live a few miles outside Bolton, which is one of the manufacturing towns in Lancashire and is situated very near to Manchester, one of the chief centers in the north of Eng-

A Visit to the National Gallery



This Beautiful Picture of Flatford Mill, on the River Stour, by John Constable, One of England's Most Famous Landscape Painters, is Another That You Should Not Miss When You Visit the National Gallery, London.

an in form Ia in high school and study Latin and French. I am interested in all winter and summer sports, and should like to correspond with boys my own age. I am 14.

Gardner W.

Amsterdam, Holland

Dear Editor:

Being interested in the correspondence which your young readers have, I should be glad to make myself useful by sending them Dutch stamps.

I don't want to correspond with them, as I am already corresponding with someone in the United States.

For the older readers of your paper, I have some (6) illustrated books about Holland, called "Come and See the Netherlands," which are in good condition and for which I don't charge anything, except the cost (stamps) of forwarding above-named books. The postage of each book amounts to 15 cents.

J. B. B.

Halifax, England

Dear Editor:

I have read several letters in the Mail Bag and thought that I should like to write, asking for a correspondent. I am 14, and should like to hear from a girl of my age in America, and one in France. Although I do not know much French, I should like to receive a French letter. I go to a boarding school in Buxton. When it snows we have great fun tobogganing. We all go to the Christian Science Church and Sunday School, which is only about two minutes' walk from the school.

My home is in Bradford, and during the holidays I go to First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Bradford, and also to the Sunday School.

There are four girls appointed at school to cut articles from the Monitor, and they are pinned up on boards in the common room for us to read. In this way we are all able to enjoy the Monitor each week.

Elsie J.

Cologne, Germany

Dear Editor:

Through a boy, I have become acquainted with the Monitor and its Mail Bag, so I will try to contribute to the Mail Bag, too. My home is in Cologne, a city on the River Rhine.

Just now we have a very fine view of the river, which is 500 meters broad here. It was covered all over with ice and snow and at several places you could pass over it without danger. Cologne is known everywhere for its fine and beautiful churches.

I am 16 years of age, am attending college and very much interested in foreign languages (English and French). I also enjoy every kind of sports and radio, too. I have a three-piece set. I should be glad if boys anywhere would write me.

Raymond H.

Kingsville, Ontario, Canada

Dear Editor:

This is the first time I have written to the Mail Bag. I enjoy the Monitor very much, especially the Young Folks' Page and I Record Only the Sunny Hours.

Kingsville is a very pretty little town on the shore of Lake Erie. It is about 30 miles from Detroit. The famous Jack Miner Bird Sanctuary is situated about two miles from the village.

Philip S.

Perth, West Australia

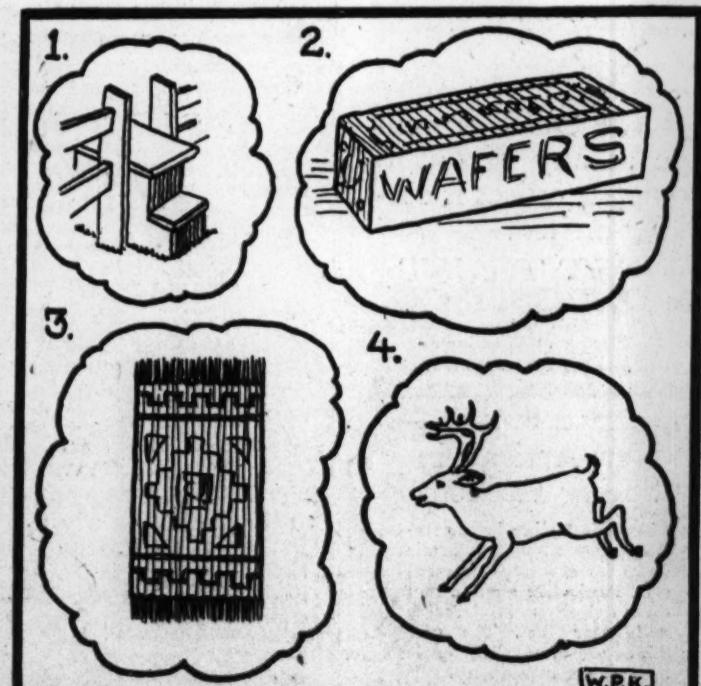
Dear Editor:

I have never noticed any letters from Perth, West Australia, in the Mail Bag, so I thought I would write. My favorite pages in the Monitor are the Children's and Young Folks' Pages, and I also enjoy "Record Only the Sunny Hours," and Snubs and Waddles.

Philip S.

Perth has many beautiful parks, King's Park being one of the most attractive. This park is situated on Mt. Eliza, overlooking the Swan River. It is here the Soldiers' Memorial is erected. When the Japanese visitors visited this city their commander laid a wreath on this monument. An avenue of gum trees has been planted in memory of the soldiers of the World War, and at the foot of each tree is a tablet bearing the name of a fallen soldier. On Anzac Day wreaths are placed on these tablets. At the head of this Honour Avenue is the statue of Lord North Kensington, London, England

What Proverb?



If You Will Name These Four Objects Correctly and Then Change Just One Letter in Each Name, You Will Discover a Four-Word Proverb.

Thomas Lawrence, is another well-known picture in this gallery. In this charming portrait Little Lady Georgiana Fane is gracefully posed and beautifully drawn. Let us especially observe the luster in her upturned eyes; for it was this luster, new to English art, for which this artist was particularly noted. The scene in the background is decorative, but it is more like a stage setting than an accurate portrayal of nature.

At the age of 10 Lawrence began painting portraits, and many sitters flocked to the studio of so handsome a prodigy. This resulted in his being largely self-taught. Instead of being truthful in color and drawing, his work became showy with forced, artificial effects. But it was graceful, decorative and vivacious; and if he had been willing to acquire discipline of hand and eye, he might have ranked among the great masters. As it was, he was one of the most celebrated painters of his time, and was knighted by King George III for his achievement.

George Romney was another artist whom perhaps enjoyed too much popularity for his own good. He painted many exquisite head of women with simplicity of composition and beauty of color. In "The Parson's Daughter" the sweet, graceful head of a young woman stands out against a dark background. A green ribbon is woven through her luxuriant, powdered auburn curls and a white ruff encircles her slender shoulders. This picture looks as though it might have been painted by lamplight, a favorite method employed by this artist.

Romney's success would have been even more enduring, if he had paid more painstaking attention to details, as did his contemporary, Sir Joshua Reynolds.

Claude and Turner

Joseph Mallord William Turner was one of England's greatest landscape painters. He was a keen observer, whose chief aim was the rendering of light with its reflections and gradations. One of his early works, "Landscape With the Sun Rising in a Mist," hangs, as he desired, in the room with Claude's "Embarcation of the Queen of Sheba." In Turner's picture we see the sun shining through the morning mist, its reflection making a glow of light on the quiet water, which lingers along the shores of the bay. In the foreground are numbers of fishing boats, while beyond are several sailing vessels. The fisherman, busily engaged on the shore, show the artist's close attention to details at this period.

We notice the difference between his faithful rendering of nature, and the more theatrical treatment of Claude's pictures. But even in this early work, we are mainly conscious of light and atmosphere. Its quiet grays and browns contrast strongly with the magnificent colors which he used later. In his paintings of Venice and of historical subjects, his skies are ablaze with the glories of sunrise and sunset.

This master loved his pictures as though they were his children and could not be induced to sell them. Instead, he loaned them to the National Gallery; and they are rightly said to be among England's most precious national treasures.

The National Gallery contains many more masterpieces by English painters, as well as choices examples of the masters of foreign schools. The only way to enjoy and appreciate them fully is to visit this gallery and see them all for yourselves.

M. P.

YOUNG FOLKS

Read my as often as possible. Household hints of tomorrow's Monitor tell how you can get live silk cocoons, moth, which will emerge this spring.

C. Wm. Warner, Suite 1600, 104 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

ALONG A BOOKLAND TRAIL

"How attractive books! They make one want to go and unfold them they bring into the experience of countless children."

From book review, Page 8, The Christian Science Monitor of March 12.

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Musical Events—Theaters—News of Art

Elena Gerhardt and Schubert

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WITH the last of Elena Gerhardt's recitals at Queen's Hall (March 5), Schubert centenary performances may be said to have closed. The assignment of her final program to the "Winterreise" was appropriate. For the song cycle was composed in 1827, and the proof sheets were the last things on which Schubert worked in the autumn of 1828. The songs enshrine his ripest experience as a composer. To Schubert himself, the "Winter Journey" was an intense personal experience. The songs took hold of his imagination to an extraordinary degree. His friends, on a first hearing, failed to understand their beauty; but he only replied, "I like them more than any of the other songs and the day will come when you will like them, too."

He was right—if "liking" be the term to describe that almost heartwring acquiescence which their beauty and genuin compel. Even this day the "Winter Journey" is seldom heard in entirety. Any solo puts before singers the difficult problem of extended interpretive design.

"The Winter Journey" is perhaps the most exacting song cycle in musical literature. Twenty-four songs, each one lovely and some one sad. How shall an artist treat the problem, not to violate the element of contrast without disturbing what the Germans call the "Stimmung"? Each song must be right in its own interpretation, yet each must bear a definite relation to the main scheme.

Two Methods

Some months ago, when Reinhold von Warlich and Philipp Jarnach performed the "Winterreise," they took every opportunity for definition and energy provided by the earlier songs. Jarnach charged the accompaniments with daring significance and picturesqueness. "Die Post" was brought out as something jolly—the irreproachable Viennese in Schubert's return to the familiar post office. As the song cycle drew to its end they shaped it downward in a long diminuendo of tragedy.

Elena Gerhardt pursued a different method. From the beginning she pitched her interpretation in the remote solitudes of frozen grief, making what relief or contrast there was by a hundred delicate touches in the songs and their interrelations. It was like the endless patterns of tiny frost flowers—not a bold molding of the main mass, as with von Warlich. An interesting scheme, increasing in effectiveness as Elena Gerhardt sang herself through the first stage of the recital. Often when she began her voice was thin and strained, but her vibrant intonation, as she sings on, the elements of her art draw together in unity. After a long program she ends singing far better than when she began. It was so now with the "Winterreise."

Harold Craxton at the piano accompanied almost too sympathetically. His playing seemed like a shadow behind the voice; not the completing element in the performance. For a slowing down of the momentum, however, the singer was responsible. Her immense breath control leads her at times to adopt more tempo than that of the average singer. The "Lindenbaum," one of the few points of natural relaxation in the "Winterreise," lost its elasticity under such treatment. No accompanist could give the rocking lift of the accompaniment at that pace.

Bruce Flegg

Interpretation is hardly the word for Bruce Flegg's performance of a song cycle next night. The work in question was "Wenlock Edge," by Vaughan Williams; the occasion was a concert by the Entente String Quartet at Wigmore Hall. Flegg simply stood up and sang as far as a pleasant voice. This went there was not much wrong, but the trouble was that it went such a terribly short way. Correct vocalization is only the beginning of singing.

George Reeves and the Entente Quartet were responsible for the pianoforte and string quartet accompaniments. Here the Entente Quartet was discreet. But their subsequent performance of Beethoven's Quartet in E flat ("The Harp") was disappointing—style small, tone pale, rhythm poor—in a word un-Beechworthian.

Among difficulties left by the war, one is frequently reminded of that four years' break with the German classical tradition. It would be folly to believe that only one style of playing is right, but it is beyond dispute that the Germans have a great system of musical interpretation which fits their music better than any other. It has been woven back and forth, between composers and executants. Players should learn it before they discard it. The Entente Quartet were groping in the wrong direction.

Marie Wilson Quartet

Absence of the genuine style was the fault to be found with the Marie Wilson String Quartet's performance of the "Sunrise" by Haydn, which opened their recital at Wigmore Hall on March 4. This new organization has good material, vitality, and intelligence in its members. Yet though they played Haydn brightly, they never settled to the right balance. There was not sufficient repose in the slow movement to offset the lively ones, and the actual tonal balance was misjudged at times. The cellos were too retiring.

Their performance of the String Quartet by Darius, however, deserves warm praise. Here the style was modern and right: all the more attractive for being rhythmic and vivid instead of nebulous (as with most Darius exponents). The quartet in G major by Bax ended the program.

A violoncello recital by Gaspar Cassado at Wigmore Hall was a good deal of a chamber-music affair. He and Giulietta von Mendelssohn Gordigiani have developed an ensemble between cello and piano that permits absolute unity of purpose and expression. An Adagio by Bach, Beethoven's Variations on a theme by Mozart, Brahms' Sonata Op. 93, a

suite by Hamilton Hart, and a Sonata by Bréval made up the program. The sonatas had the property of phrasing characterized the variations, but the Brahms Sonata had not a good start. The pianist was hard in touch, the cellist petulant or phrase in those passionate ejaculations of the first subject. The playing improved as the work proceeded and those remarkable passages in which Brahms employs almost orchestral tone effects were given their right significance. It was characteristic of Brahms that he should score interest for the cello not by virtuosity, as a lesser composer might have done—but by the whole work on the confines of a wider world—the world of cerebral music.

Art in Boston

Fern Coppededge

Reflecting a mood of thoughtfulness, and a pleasure in the more resplendent beauties of the outdoors, the paintings by Fern I. Coppededge have an appealing display. They occupy the walls of the Myles Standish Galleries, located in the Miles Standish Hotel on the corner of Bay State Road and Beacon Street, Boston.

The artist has for subject matter village and country scenes in which she employs the fullest gamut of color. From houses and trees and winding streams, from snowy expanses and stretches of sky she conjures up brilliant and lively patterns. Colors are felt in pure and saturated state, squares of mosaic fitted together to make shingle, houses and boulders fitted together to make walls, blossoms on hillsides.

Trees accent the scheme with webby foliage effects. Old roads wind a dila-

cious course. All those things that make rich and varied and poetic landscape are felt and interpreted by the artist with sympathy.

For subject there is the Arno,

flecked with ancient architecture, dulled by a yellow patine. On the other hand there is the American scene, in New England, or on the St. Lawrence. Lumberville, Penn., contributes a charming view, its painted yellow houses a contrast to the Italian. It may be a creek or a grinn man, or a house or a boulder, houses all are treated with a poetical character. When she portrays trees, they are usually in full bloom. The blossoms contribute the pattern of the composition and combine in quite cheery results.

Elizabeth H. T. Huntington

Pastels of flowers and portraits in red, claret, and blue, by Elizabeth H. T. Huntington, are on view at the Doll & Richards Gallery, Newbury Street. Mrs. Huntington's flower pictures have a gaiety and an informality that seems a part of her subjects. There is a glow of airiness, about her masses of bloom that seems of the essence of flowers. They are light, crisp, and their handling is at once firm and delicate. Among the portraits one lingers over "Baby Sanchia," with its flow of tenderly humorous line, and finds continuity of mood and consistent characterization in "My Daughter" at several ages.

Lockwood's "Odysseus"

Performed in Chicago

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO.—Mr. Stock's contribution to the musical life of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra, March 22 and 23, consisted of a suite which entitled "Odysseus" had been composed by Norman Lockwood. Mr. Lockwood, who has studied with Mme. Boulangier in Paris and with Mr. Respighi in Rome, does not align himself with the reactionists. He has listened to the voice of modernism and has found it sweet. By that token "Odysseus" contains the new ideas as well as some of those—which like the ancient Greek modes—are so old that they strike the ear with novel freshness.

There is much that is promising in the young composer's music. Mr. Lockwood already has learned many of the secrets of good orchestration, and if he masters extraneous music he will turn his back on honest tune. He has clearly followed their advice. He is not quite so certain of his ground in the matter of organic development of his ideas, for there were sections of "Odysseus" in which the music wandered rather aimlessly.

There were only two other pieces on the program—Mozart's "Jupiter" Symphony, which opened it, and Bloch's "America," which brought it to a close. The orchestra presented a beautiful reading of the symphony, which has faded not at all after the century and a half which has elapsed since Mozart set down the notes upon his score.

F. B.

Rudolph Ganz Conducts San Francisco Symphony

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

SAN FRANCISCO.—In the absence of Alfred Hertz, gone a guest-conducting in the East, Rudolph Ganz, formerly director of the St. Louis Symphony, was in its most recent programs leader of the San Francisco Symphony Orchestra. In the first of his two concerts Mr. Ganz acted also as piano soloist.

Mr. Ganz appeared at first view a musician of temperament and logical feeling. He is apt to prefer extremes of dynamics, varying interpretation between virtuosic pianissimo and abruptly reached climax. His intense method had best effect with the propulsive "Prelude and Love-Death" of "Tristan."

Beethoven's "Leonore" Overture, No. 3, he read with spirited force. But Haydn's G major Symphony, No. 13, and the "Fêtes" of Debussy needed relaxation. Especially in the former work Mr. Ganz's attitude was too urgent. As a result tone and lightened mood would have been more venturesome in effectiveness.

A piece for strings, "Penitentes," by a young Chicagoan, Wesley La Violette, was introduced in this pro-

gram for the first time in San Francisco. Modern in tonal, harmonic and contrapuntal device, the composition at first hearing seemed more earnest than successful. Perhaps it held beneath its surface values that could come to light with familiarity.

Mr. Ganz played with virtuosity Liszt's A major Piano Concerto. The orchestra provided an unusually flexible accompaniment under the baton of Michel Penha, first cellist.

A cycle of sonata recitals was begun recently by Michel Piastra, violinist, and Charles Hart, pianist. Classic composers contributed to the first program, Mozart by his B flat Sonata No. 10, Beethoven by his G major, Op. 78. These two artists are of diverse style.

Here is indeed a cultured body of men and women, and this exhibition in the well-lighted gallery of Jean Charpentier was one to which artists in other branches of painting might well have given heed. In a separate room was displayed a collection of paintings by J. B. Oudry, executed during the first half of the eighteenth century. It was the custom then to have somber backgrounds and brilliantly hued birds, and it was also the fashion to put on a canvas a liberal miscellany of birds and beasts, each reproduced with photographic precision. "Les oiseaux de Madame de Pompadour," painted curiously on copper and exhibited in the Salon of 1750, was a delightful example.

The men of today paint birds, when grouped, usually of the same species and are caught in natural attitudes. Xavier de Forest, for instance, is one of the most successful

French Animal Painters

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CURRENT in Paris is the eleventh exhibition of the French Society of Animal Painters. This group is basing its work on a pain-taking application of sound technique, full appreciation of color values, and a love for all manner of animals, this extending in fact to include birds, an iguana, and even the large night moths.

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of French bird painters. His parquets ("Perruches ondulées"), with their green and yellow feathering, spread along a branch with Japanese grace. Paul Marcusez was content with studies of woodcocks ("Etudes de Bécasses"), painted like miniatures, and Jean de la Fontaine submitted sketches of peacocks ("Etudes de Paons"), the black lines relieved with touches of blue crayon. Pierre Gabriel Lacroix-Bravard painted woods among the branches and night moths, naturally about wild flowers, with yellow blossoms.

Perhaps the outstanding fact of the exhibition was the progress made by one of the youngest members of the society, Albert Brenet. His red crayon sketches indicated this even more strongly than his oils. A drawing of a bear and one of two polo players prove his ability to portray action with fidelity.

Paul Jouve has won a reputation for his monumental panther and other feline types. His drawings have the sureness of polished sculpture and the same massive aspect. It is the simplicity and directness of his drawing or painting which so impresses one. Jacques Cartier sent in several tempera paintings, including a bear lying on its back, a lion standing on its hind legs, and a bear in a tree.

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Books in Brief Review

The Life of John W. Weeks, by

Charles G. Washburn, with an introduction by Calvin Coolidge (Boston: Houghton Mifflin, \$5) is restful as well

as informative. The function of government is a continuous and complex business. The average citizen can only observe it as reported by the press. His memory is humanly imperfect. Such a book as the present comes therefore as a desirable reminder of his past.

Les Lubotzky, violinist, made her initial reputation with the concerto of Prokofiev and Brahms, and a splendid sonata recital, and she chose, therefore, on this occasion, to achieve a popular rather than a musical success by playing the Saint-Saëns Concerto in M minor.

The political portion treated covers the last 20 years or more, during which there have been great changes in the electorate and a great increase in the responsibilities as assumed by the National Government.

Four amendments have been added to the Federal Constitution. Legislation has been had upon a great variety of new subjects. Most important and certainly the most unusual, that incident to our participation in the World War, our recovery from these conditions, and the reforming of our archaic monetary system fastened the country by the necessities of the awful War.... As legislator and Secretary of War, Mr. Weeks had a large part in favor of or opposing what was done. Mr. Weeks did not write a biography that can be read like a novel; but he has made for leisurely and thoughtful reading a book well worth making.

Raiders of the Deep, by Lowell Thomas (Garden City, N. Y.: Doubleday, Doran, \$2.50) cannot but make some readers marvel that such nice looking young men should have one such cruel and unsportsmanlike deeds. War is essentially and inevitably unsportsmanlike; but the torpedoes of defenseless vessels by submarine seem especially obnoxious.

So far Mr. Thomas, setting out to collect material for his present book, "What manner of men" he writes, "were these clowns in warlike won the hatred and bitter execration of half the world?

Quiet, pleasant chaps they turned out to be most of them rather the flower of the German Navy.... As they are today, for the most part they would pass anywhere as nicely mannered fellows, matter of fact, and rather mild....

And what ethical stand did they have on their deeds and exploits which the millions of us regarded as the backbone of immorality and human wrong?.... It is very simple.

As a result of war, when he became submarine commander, was a naval officer, and a naval officer's business is to obey orders....

In general I found almost nothing conclusive about atrocities, although many instances of humanity on the part of the U-boats came to me from British sources."

Told in the first person, as Mr. Thomas gathered them, these narratives of experience by "nicely mannered fellows, matter of fact, and rather mild" are all the more thrilling.

They illustrate both the courage of men and the cowardice of war.

The Pragmatic Revolt in Politics, by W. Y. Elliott (New York: Macmillan, \$2.50) cannot be varied, including manufacturers and dreamers, philanthropists and ploughmen, clergymen, and even the bakers who supply the Continental Army with bread.

The American Nation of today is built upon the sacrifices, the courage, the dreams, and the accomplishments of such men; and these brief sketches should be a challenge to Americans today.

lant) deals with the revolt against constitutionalism. It is a phenomenon which frequently demands the attention of the world's statesmen in these days, and which the world's political philosophers are seeking to evaluate.

Professor Elliott is, in some degree, a conservative. That is, he still clings to the constitutional state as a necessity, and is not willing, like some of his more radical colleagues, to throw constitutionalism to the winds.

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that incident to our participation in the World War, our recovery from these conditions, and the reforming of our archaic monetary system fastened the country by the necessities of the awful War.... As legislator and Secretary of War, Mr. Weeks had a large part in favor of or opposing what was done. Mr. Weeks did not write a biography that can be read like a novel; but he has made for leisurely and thoughtful reading a book well worth making.

The Romance of Forgotten Men, by John E. Faris (New York: Harper, \$6) is based on the theory that the real story of the development of the United States has not been told by any historian. Those who would reconstruct the story," says the author, "should fill in the blanks and give characters to the whole by seeking for the life stories of those who played their parts—perhaps a very humble part—in the dramatic events of the years...." He has given his readers a series of biographical sketches.

The twenty-third Bach Festival will be held in Packer Memorial Church, Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pa., May 10 and 11. The choir of 300 voices will be assisted by members of the Philadelphia Orchestra and a young people's chorus in its rendition of the Passion Music according to St. Matthew, on the first day. The Mass in B Minor will be sung May 11.

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Intercollegiate, Club and Professional Athletic News of the World

BROOKLYN CLUB REACHES FINALS

Eliminates Strong Allenhurst Team by Decisive Score of 14 to 6

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU
NEW YORK.—The team of the Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club, holders of the United States open championship of the Indoor Polo Association, reached the final round of the tournament at the Squadron A Armory Wednesday night in vigorous style, when they eliminated the strong Allenhurst team, organized by Archer W. Kinney, by a score of 14 to 6.

Allenhurst ran up a lead at the start, and held it through the initial chukker, though it was penalized half a goal for a foul. But the balance of the game was all in favor of the champions, with seven goals going to the credit of the Brooklyn organization in the second chukker, which was sufficient to win the game.

The team, representing New Jersey, composed of members of the Princeton University R. O. T. C. entered the final round of the Class B championship, by an overwhelming victory over the Squadron A trio, though using a substitute back. The Princeton team won a score of 14 to 6 in their first chukker, allowing the locals a handicap of one goal, and continued to sweep ahead until the final period, when the squadron team scored three goals to none for the winners.

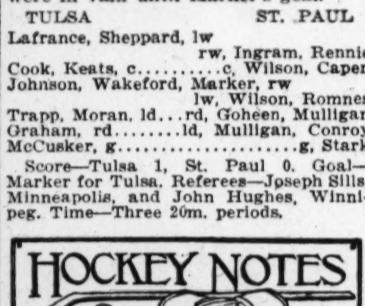
A Chicago team from the 124th Field Artillery won in the semi-final match, which included the other regiments, in the evening, in similar overwhelming style over the team of the 101st Cavalry of Brooklyn, the score of this being 22½ to 4. The winners received a handicap of two goals, but never needed it, making a total addition of the first chukker.

Two Class D games, one completing the first round, and the other in the semifinal round, were played in the afternoon. In the first, a team representing the National Guards of the New England circuit, overwhelmed another 101st Cavalry team, which received a handicap of one, 14½ to 5½. In the second, the low goal team from Chicago, also from the 12th Field Artillery, defeated another Squadron A team, 11½ to 5½. The summaries:

OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP—Semi-final round

BROOKLYN R.D.C. ALLENHURST NO. 1—Carl Pfeiffer—Milton Kornblith Back—W. A. Sackman

Score—Brooklyn—Riding and Driving Club 14; Allenhurst—Goals—Kinney, S. J., Smith, F., Edgington, K., Jones, K., Kornbluth, F., Allenhurst, F., Jones, K., Rafferty, T. Time—Three 20m. periods.



JUST WHEN IT APPEARED THAT THE HOCKEY SEASON WAS OVER— Montreal Maroons had been eliminated from action since the regular season closed and Canadians eliminated in the playoffs, announced come the new schedule, and Maroons are to face each other once more for one more game. This time it will be in a benefit game and western fans are invited. Most of the regular lineups are available.

IT HAS BEEN PRACTICALLY DECIDED THAT CANADIENS WILL MAKE THE TRIP TO THE PACIFIC COAST FOR EXHIBITION GAMES, but Captain H. V. Fitzmaurice, Manager Cecil M. Hart will not make the trip if the team makes the trip it will be in the fall. The team, under the reins of Captain H. M. Macdowell, spare defenseman who handled the reins at Chicago for the first half of the season.

HARRY WATSON, one of Canada's outstanding amateur hockey stars in recent years and a member of the Toronto Granites who won the Allan Cup and Dominion Cup in 1924, has joined the staff of the officials in the Allan Cup series in Winnipeg. Stanley Burgoyne, veteran of the series, is his coach.

L. E. MARSH, Toronto sports writer and National Hockey League referee, has picked an all-star team of the league and a second team of stars. He has not named the team, but he has named the players.

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THE HOME FORUM

The Alchemy of Joy

PEOPLE have devised many different ways of classifying one another, most of them strangely crude and superficial. The commonest method, and the absurdest, is that according to which we conclude that he who pays the largest income tax is the most important man in the community and that he who pays no tax whatever is hardly a man at all. This has a charming simplicity, but for other merits one looks in vain. A single step above it is the classification of people according to the clothes they wear, and one step higher still comes the reference to blue books and social registers. There are some, especially in academic circles, who merely ask how many facts a man has in his head, which is only a little more significant than how many dollars he has in the bank. And then comes the question of the realists, those very earnest persons who divide all the rest of the world so neatly into "good" and "bad" and "ugly," and are confident of their results. (In which of their two rigid categories do they place Shakespeare, for example, and Beethoven?)

For these methods little can be said except that they are the only ones in general use and that they are all faintly amusing. Thoughtful persons who have some notion of the complexities of human nature make more delicate discriminations than can be based upon bank accounts and social registers and university records. They apply the tests of gentleness and courage, of patience and serenity. They divide human kind into those who are ruled by prejudice and mass opinion on the one hand and those who do their own thinking on the other. They ask whether this and that person manifest intelligence, discrimination, "very sharp," frankness, learning, and, still more searchingly, they ask whether he has a sense of humor—that is to say, the power of seeing things in due proportion. Finally there are a very few who make this most trenchant discrimination of all, between those who have and those who have not the capacity for joy.

It is only the wise who make this discrimination. How much money or how many facts a man has accumulated does not interest them in the slightest degree. A man's social rating, whether that of a king or that of a peasant, does not concern them at all unless it sets up barriers. They have learned that the words "good" and "bad" are applied to human beings as well as to inanimate objects, with invincible intent. But when they ask whether a given person is joyous they feel that the question includes many others. They consider it a compact and penetrating question. How can anyone know joy without being "good," for example, in the profoundest sense? How can anyone be wealthy who does not own a single coin of joy's minting? Who are the true aristocrats of this world, the élite, the Four

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1361 to 1370 pages, 705 cents; 1371 to 1380 pages, 710 cents; 1381 to 1390 pages, 715 cents; 1391 to 1400 pages, 720 cents; 1401 to 1410 pages, 725 cents; 1411 to 1420 pages, 730 cents; 1421 to 1430 pages, 735 cents; 1431 to 1440 pages, 740 cents; 1441 to 1450 pages, 745 cents; 1451 to 1460 pages, 750 cents; 1461 to 1470 pages, 755 cents; 1471 to 1480 pages, 760 cents; 1481 to 1490 pages, 765 cents; 1491 to 1500 pages, 770 cents; 1501 to 1510 pages, 775 cents; 1511 to 1520 pages, 780 cents; 1521 to 1530 pages, 785 cents; 1531 to 1540 pages, 790 cents; 1541 to 1550 pages, 795 cents; 1551 to 1560 pages, 800 cents; 1561 to 1570 pages, 805 cents; 1571 to 1580 pages, 810 cents; 1581 to 1590 pages, 815 cents; 1591 to 1600 pages, 820 cents; 1601 to 1610 pages, 825 cents; 1611 to 1620 pages, 830 cents; 1621 to 1630 pages, 835 cents; 1631 to 1640 pages, 840 cents; 1641 to 1650 pages, 845 cents; 1651 to 1660 pages, 850 cents; 1661 to 1670 pages, 855 cents; 1671 to 1680 pages, 860 cents; 1681 to 1690 pages, 865 cents; 1691 to 1700 pages, 870 cents; 1701 to 1710 pages, 875 cents; 1711 to 1720 pages, 880 cents; 1721 to 1730 pages, 885 cents; 1731 to 1740 pages, 890 cents; 1741 to 1750 pages, 895 cents; 1751 to 1760 pages, 900 cents; 1761 to 1770 pages, 905 cents; 1771 to 1780 pages, 910 cents; 1781 to 1790 pages, 915 cents; 1791 to 1800 pages, 920 cents; 1801 to 1810 pages, 925 cents; 1811 to 1820 pages, 930 cents; 1821 to 1830 pages, 935 cents; 1831 to 1840 pages, 940 cents; 1841 to 1850 pages, 945 cents; 1851 to 1860 pages, 950 cents; 1861 to 1870 pages, 955 cents; 1871 to 1880 pages, 960 cents; 1881 to 1890 pages, 965 cents; 1891 to 1900 pages, 970 cents; 1901 to 1910 pages, 975 cents; 1911 to 1920 pages, 980 cents; 1921 to 1930 pages, 985 cents; 1931 to 1940 pages, 990 cents; 1941 to 1950 pages, 995 cents; 1951 to 1960 pages, 1000 cents; 1961 to 1970 pages, 1005 cents; 1971 to 1980 pages, 1010 cents; 1981 to 1990 pages, 1015 cents; 1991 to 2000 pages, 1020 cents; 2001 to 2010 pages, 1025 cents; 2011 to 2020 pages, 1030 cents; 2021 to 2030 pages, 1035 cents; 2031 to 2040 pages, 1040 cents; 2041 to 2050 pages, 1045 cents; 2051 to 2060 pages, 1050 cents; 2061 to 2070 pages, 1055 cents; 2071 to 2080 pages, 1060 cents; 2081 to 2090 pages, 1065 cents; 2091 to 2100 pages, 1070 cents; 2101 to 2110 pages, 1075 cents; 2111 to 2120 pages, 1080 cents; 2121 to 2130 pages, 1085 cents; 2131 to 2140 pages, 1090 cents; 2141 to 2150 pages, 1095 cents; 2151 to 2160 pages, 1100 cents; 2161 to 2170 pages, 1105 cents; 2171 to 2180 pages, 1110 cents; 2181 to 2190 pages, 1115 cents; 2191 to 2200 pages, 1120 cents; 2201 to 2210 pages, 1125 cents; 2211 to 2220 pages, 1130 cents; 2221 to 2230 pages, 1135 cents; 2231 to 2240 pages, 1140 cents; 2241 to 2250 pages, 1145 cents; 2251 to 2260 pages, 1150 cents; 2261 to 2270 pages, 1155 cents; 2271 to 2280 pages, 1160 cents; 2281 to 2290 pages, 1165 cents; 2291 to 2300 pages, 1170 cents; 2301 to 2310 pages, 1175 cents; 2311 to 2320 pages, 1180 cents; 2321 to 2330 pages, 1185 cents; 2331 to 2340 pages, 1190 cents; 2341 to 2350 pages, 1195 cents; 2351 to 2360 pages, 1200 cents; 2361 to 2370 pages, 1205 cents; 2371 to 2380 pages, 1210 cents; 2381 to 2390 pages, 1215 cents; 2391 to 2400 pages, 1220 cents; 2401 to 2410 pages, 1225 cents; 2411 to 2420 pages, 1230 cents; 2421 to 2430 pages, 1235 cents; 2431 to 2440 pages, 1240 cents; 2441 to 2450 pages, 1245 cents; 2451 to 2460 pages, 1250 cents; 2461 to 2470 pages, 1255 cents; 2471 to 2480 pages, 1260 cents; 2481 to 2490 pages, 1265 cents; 2491 to 2500 pages, 1270 cents; 2501 to 2510 pages, 1275 cents; 2511 to 2520 pages, 1280 cents; 2521 to 2530 pages, 1285 cents; 2531 to 2540 pages, 1290 cents; 2541 to 2550 pages, 1295 cents; 2551 to 2560 pages, 1300 cents; 2561 to 2570 pages, 1305 cents; 2571 to 2580 pages, 1310 cents; 2581 to 2590 pages, 1315 cents; 2591 to 2600 pages, 1320 cents; 2601 to 2610 pages, 1325 cents; 2611 to 2620 pages, 1330 cents; 2621 to 2630 pages, 1335 cents; 2631 to 2640 pages, 1340 cents; 2641 to 2650 pages, 1345 cents; 2651 to 2660 pages, 1350 cents; 2661 to 2670 pages, 1355 cents; 2671 to 2680 pages, 1360 cents; 2681 to 2690 pages, 1365 cents; 2691 to 2700 pages, 1370 cents; 2701 to 2710 pages, 1375 cents; 2711 to 2720 pages, 1380 cents; 2721 to 2730 pages, 1385 cents; 2731 to 2740 pages, 1390 cents; 2741 to 2750 pages, 1395 cents; 2751 to 2760 pages, 1400 cents; 2761 to 2770 pages, 1405 cents; 2771 to 2780 pages, 1410 cents; 2781 to 2790 pages, 1415 cents; 2791 to 2800 pages, 1420 cents; 2801 to 2810 pages, 1425 cents; 2811 to 2820 pages, 1430 cents; 2821 to 2830 pages, 1435 cents; 2831 to 2840 pages, 1440 cents; 2841 to 2850 pages, 1445 cents; 2851 to 2860 pages, 1450 cents; 2861 to 2870 pages, 1455 cents; 2871 to 2880 pages, 1460 cents; 2881 to 2890 pages, 1465 cents; 2891 to 2900 pages, 1470 cents; 2901 to 2910 pages, 1475 cents; 2911 to 2920 pages, 1480 cents; 2921 to 2930 pages, 1485 cents; 2931 to 2940 pages, 1490 cents; 2941 to 2950 pages, 1495 cents; 2951 to 2960 pages, 1500 cents; 2961 to 2970 pages, 1505 cents; 2971 to 2980 pages, 1510 cents; 2981 to 2990 pages, 1515 cents; 2991 to 3000 pages, 1520 cents; 3001 to 3010 pages, 1525 cents; 3011 to 3020 pages, 1530 cents; 3021 to 3030 pages, 1535 cents; 3031 to 3040 pages, 1540 cents; 3041 to 3050 pages, 1545 cents; 3051 to 3060 pages, 1550 cents; 3061 to 3070 pages, 1555 cents; 3071 to 3080 pages, 1560 cents; 3081 to 3090 pages, 1565 cents; 3091 to 3100 pages, 1570 cents; 3101 to 3110 pages, 1575 cents; 3111 to 3120 pages, 1580 cents; 3121 to 3130 pages, 1585 cents; 3131 to 3140 pages, 1590 cents; 3141 to 3150 pages, 1595 cents; 3151 to 3160 pages, 1600 cents; 3161 to 3170 pages, 1605 cents; 3171 to 3180 pages, 1610 cents; 3181 to 3190 pages, 1615 cents; 3191 to 3200 pages, 1620 cents; 3201 to 3210 pages, 1625 cents; 3211 to 3220 pages, 1630 cents; 3221 to 3230 pages, 1635 cents; 3231 to 3240 pages, 1640 cents; 3241 to 3250 pages, 1645 cents; 3251 to 3260 pages, 1650 cents; 3261 to 3270 pages, 1655 cents; 3271 to 3280 pages, 1660 cents; 3281 to 3290 pages, 1665 cents; 3291 to 3300 pages, 1670 cents; 3301 to 3310 pages, 1675 cents; 3311 to 3320 pages, 1680 cents; 3321 to 3330 pages, 1685 cents; 3331 to 3340 pages, 1690 cents; 3341 to 3350 pages, 1695 cents; 3351 to 3360 pages, 1700 cents; 3361 to 3370 pages, 1705 cents; 3371 to 3380 pages, 1710 cents; 3381 to 3390 pages, 1715 cents

BRISK UPWARD MOVEMENT IN STOCK MARKET

Flood of Buying Orders for Oil Shares—Shorts Cover

NEW YORK (AP)—Wall Street apparently had a "buying day" yesterday, and prices rallied vigorously under the leadership of the communications and oil issues.

Many stocks recovered all of the ground lost in the drastic reactions earlier in the week, and a few moved into new highs.

Trading continued at a fairly brisk pace, with indications that the day's sales would run well above 5,000,000 shares.

As was expected, call money remained at 15 per cent, while the high rate attracted fresh funds from Canadian and interior cities, and the rate dropped to 12 in the early afternoon.

While this was still a high carrying charge to pay stocks which probably had an average of less than one per cent, Wall Street expected that the distribution of about \$500,000,000 in dividend and interest payments next week will relieve the situation.

With the credit situation dominating the market, the buying business news generally is receiving little attention, although the announcement of an agreement by oil executives to curtail production brought a flood of buying orders into the oil shares. The Pan American issues and Standard Oil of New Jersey topped the previous high levels for the year. Houston moved up 4 points on a total of a 10-point gain yesterday, and at least a dozen others sold 1 to 2 points higher.

International Telephone, which is likely to split up on a 3-for-1 basis, continued its spectacular advance, soaring nearly 19 points to a new high record at 279, but profit-taking forced it back to around 268 in the early afternoon.

Radio was the spectacular individual performer, having risen 12 points to 109 or 26% points above Tuesday's low. Several large blocks changed hands around the high levels, with short covering playing a prominent part in the advance.

Stromberg-Carlson Machine ran up 12 points, Stromberg-Carburton 8 and Otis Elevator, Canadian Pacific, Baldwin, Youngstown Sheet & Tube, International Business Machines, American & Foreign Power, Union Carbide, Green Mountain Copper, Allied Chemical and Crosby Radio sold 4 to 6 points higher.

The market will be closed tomorrow and again on Saturday, which has been declared a special holiday by the state governors, in order to enable brokerage houses to catch up with the vast accumulation of work.

Foreign exchanges opened easier. Profit-taking sales took the edge off the rise in several of the fast-moving shares. Radio sagged a point, and Westinghouse, after absorption of old stocks continued on a large scale, particularly after the call-money rate dropped to 8 per cent. Wright Aero, Crosby Radio, and National Blawitt closed 1 to 5 points. The market closed strong. Total sales were about 5,000,000 shares.

With sterling cables down 1-2 of a cent to \$4.85 11-32.

Convertibles fluctuated over a wide range in today's irregular bond market. International Telephone convertible 4½s dominated the heavy trading, with a turnover of \$1,520,000 up to midday.

The advance in International Telephone to a new high for all time at 313, up 8 points from yesterday's closing, followed the rise in stock into record territory.

Anacoa Corp. 7s moved up 5 points in the early trading, but Allegheny Corporation 5s bought in large blocks, held at yesterday's closing level. American International 5s gained a point, and Commercial 5s closed 1 to 5 points higher.

In the rails, the speculative issues were the most active. Atchison convertible 4½s were up a point, but St. Paul adjustment 5s receded fractionally, selling at 100.

Anglo-Chilean Nitrate 7s were the strong spot in the industrial list on reports of merger with Lautaro nitrate company. Bethlehem Steel converted to improve its position on reports of American rail-makers' entrance into a European cartel. U. S. Steel sinking fund 5s were firm. Dodge Bros. 6s were under pressure.

The foreign list displayed a firmer tone, but the gains in value of the price changes were fractional.

The United States Government securities encountered good buying support following the reduction in bankers' acceptance rates.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

LONDON—The weekly statement of the Bank of England compares as follows:

Mar. 29	Mar. 29	
\$100,750,000	135,861,000	
Circulation	19,704,000	19,420,000
Private deposits	94,591,000	99,340,000
Bankers' accounts	58,240,000	62,320,000
Other accounts	36,060,000	36,060,000
Total	50,584,000	47,516,000
Other securities	30,663,000	30,467,000
Diss and advances	13,003,000	12,582,000
Surplus	17,063,000	16,933,000
Reserves	51,700,000	55,927,000
Prop res to lab	45.4%	49.5%
Bullion	153,733,000	152,820,000
Bank rate	5½%	5½%

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BANK OF FRANCE

PARIS.—The principal items in this weekly statement of the Bank of France (in francs, 1000 omitted) are as follows:

March 23	March 16	
Gold	34,100,000	34,400,000
Held abroad	10,700,000	10,665,000
Billable held abroad	18,322,000	18,303,000
Bills and adv	7,347,000	7,083,000
Current assets	2,336,000	2,334,000
Adv agt securities	5,530,000	5,530,000
Circulation	62,672,000	62,573,000
Current a/c and dep	6,415,000	6,261,000
Ratio	42.26%	42.03%
Bank rate	3½%	3½%

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CRUDE OIL OUTPUT UP

Domestic crude oil production averaged 2,855,600 barrels daily in March, up 22,200 barrels a day over preceding week, said American Petroleum Institute. Production in the corresponding week of 1928 averaged 2,837,000 daily.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

(Quotations to 3 p.m. (No Closing)

Sales High Low Mar. 27 Last Mar. 27 Sales High Low Mar. 27 Last Mar. 27

500 Abitibi 40% 40% 39% 39% 500 Evans Auto 65 62 62 62 500 Pac Cat 2st 52 50 50 50

300 Ab&Straus 144 138 141 140 500 Pac Gas 55 55 55 55

100 Adams 30 30 28 28 500 Pac Gas & T 56 54 54 54

400 Adams En 50 50 48 48 500 Packard M 130 133 133 130

300 Ady Adv 86% 86% 86% 86% 500 Pan Am Pet 52 50 50 48

800 Ady Adv pf 93 93 84 84 500 Pan Am Pet 52 50 50 48

200 Alfa Romeo 115 112 112 112 500 Pan Am Pet 52 50 50 48

400 Alfa Romeo 103 103 103 103 500 Pan Am Pet 52 50 50 48

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NEW YORK BOND MARKET

(Quotations to 2:30 p.m.)

	High	Low		High	Low
Abr Straus 514s '43	111 1/2	111	N Y Edison rfg 61s '41	114 1/2	112 1/2
Allegheny Corp 5s '44	97 1/2	96 1/2	N Y GEI&H&P 5s '48	103 1/2	102 1/2
Allis Chalmers deb 4s	104 1/2	104	N Y NH&H chs 4s '40	102 1/2	102 1/2
Am Ac Cyanamid 5s '42	98 1/2	98	N Y NH&H deb 4s '37	118 1/2	118 1/2
Am Int 5s '49	105 1/2	105	N Y NH&H chs 4s '40	102 1/2	102 1/2
Am Smelting Refining 6s '37	105 1/2	105	N Y NH&H deb 4s '37	102 1/2	102 1/2
Am Sugar Refining 6s '28	105 1/2	105	N Y NH&H rfg 4s '32	67 1/2	67 1/2
Am T & T col 5s '45	101 1/2	101	N Y Ry adi 5c cfp 42	21	19 1/2
Am T & T col 5s '46	101 1/2	101	N Y Ry inc 6s '65	100 1/2	100 1/2
Am T & T col 5s '47	94 1/2	94	N Y State Ry 4s '28	43	38 1/2
Am T & T col 5s '48	94 1/2	94	N Y Tel deb 4s '49	108 1/2	108 1/2
Am T & T col 5s '49	102	102	N Y Tel rfg 6s '49	108 1/2	108 1/2
Am Type Founders 6s '46	104 1/2	104	N Y Tel deb 4s '49	108 1/2	108 1/2
Am WW&F 5s '48	104 1/2	104	N Y Tel rfg 6s '49	108 1/2	108 1/2
Anaconda Cos 5s '53	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
Anaconda Corp 7s '53	247	245	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
Anaconda Corp 7s '55	98 1/2	97 1/2	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
Anaconda Corp 7s '57	101 1/2	101	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '28	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '29	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '30	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '31	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '32	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '33	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '34	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '35	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '36	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '37	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '38	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '39	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '40	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '41	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '42	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '43	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '44	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '45	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '46	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '47	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '48	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '49	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '50	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '51	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '52	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '53	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '54	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '55	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '56	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '57	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '58	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '59	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '60	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '61	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '62	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '63	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '64	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '65	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '66	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '67	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '68	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '69	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '70	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '71	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '72	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '73	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '74	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '75	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '76	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '77	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '78	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '79	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '80	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '81	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '82	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '83	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '84	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '85	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '86	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '87	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '88	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '89	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '90	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '91	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '92	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '93	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '94	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '95	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '96	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '97	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '98	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '99	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '00	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '01	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '02	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '03	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '04	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '05	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '06	103 1/2	103	N Y Am Cent 6s '48	70 1/2	70 1/2
B&O cv 4s '07	103 1/2</				

UNDER CITY HEADINGS	UNDER CITY HEADINGS	UNDER CITY HEADINGS	UNDER CITY HEADINGS	UNDER CITY HEADINGS	UNDER CITY HEADINGS	UNDER CITY HEADINGS	UNDER CITY HEADINGS
Connecticut	Connecticut	Connecticut	Connecticut	Connecticut	Connecticut	Connecticut	New York
BRIDGEPORT	HARTFORD (Continued)	NEW BRITAIN	NEW HAVEN (Continued)	NEW LONDON (Continued)	WATERBURY	ALBANY (Continued)	New York
MEIGS Presents DRESSES of Jean Patou Prints (Some exclusively in Bridgeport Meigs) Charming dresses in a variety of models for Spring and Summer. Designed and tailored to the individual's way. Youthful, flattering models for girls, 16 to 20. Women—sizes 36 to 44 CREPE PRINTS featuring the newest style tendencies—scarf collar, flared skirts, contrasting colors, bolero and cape effects, sleeveless ensembles, \$17.50. EXQUISITE COLORINGS and unusual designs in floral and leaf patterns. Chile models for luncheon, afternoon bridge, tea time, etc. All in crepe prints, with long, snug hips, and fluttering scarf effects—sleeveless models with collar in capote style—skirt, \$17.50. DRESSES—SECOND FLOOR	Berth Bread Shop MAIN 559 MAIN 1123 MAIN WASHING POLISHING SIMONIZING The Auto Service Co. 180 Church St. Phone 6-4431 3 Minutes from Main Street	The Monroe Stores Incorporated New Britain's Popular New Store Leonard Bldg., 286 Main St. Ph. 6130	"THE LIVE STORE" JOHNSON'S SPRING OPENING Suits Topcoats Furnishings	Luncheons from 12 to 2:30 Mail Orders Filled. Our Best Mixture is \$1.25 a Pound	E. Johnson, Florist Ocean Avenue Greenhouses We grow our own cut flowers and plants 369 OCEAN AVENUE Tel. 7665	Frocks for Spring including the jacket ensemble—the printed ensemble—and every new accepted mode.	The Chocolate Shop try our delicious candies and ice cream, recognized for years as highest quality. We deliver.
For Savings Bank SERVICE in Bridgeport Use	MERIDEN QUALITY MEAT Cooked Food and Home-Made Pastry Free Delivery M. W. BOOTH 48 E. MAIN STREET Phone 563	HELEN PHILLIPS BOOKS GIFTS STATIONERY NEW BRITAIN, CONN.	New Haven's Leading Men's Clothing Store Come in to visit our new Radio Department, located on the Fifth Floor.	de BRUYCKER Bread, Rolls and Cakes of Quality FRONT BUILDING TELEPHONE NORWALK 3187 518 West Avenue—Norwalk, Conn.	Accessories in the latest mode of the moment to complete individual ensemble ideas.	Albany (Continued)	CORTLAND The Chocolate Shop
THE MECHANICS AND FARMERS SAVINGS BANK "The Bank With the Chime Clock" 4½% Paid on Deposits	ROBBINS & DISBROW Electrical Contractors 14 LINSLEY AVE. Phone 1229	THE CHERNIACK CO. FURRIERS and WOMAN'S OUTFITTERS Good Things to Eat Mrs. Heffins Food Shop and Dining Rooms 15 HIGH SCHOOL AVENUE	Johnson's 85-89 CHURCH STREET	ANGEVINE FURNITURE COMPANY Artistic Home Furnishings 16 North Main St., So. Norwalk, Conn. Phone 256	\$16.50	Second NATIONAL BANK AND TRUST COMPANY of Cortland, Cortland, N. Y. Complete Banking Service	
HOWLAND'S NEW GLOVES Imported kid gloves with novelty cuffs that fashion likes so well this spring. \$2.95 MAIN FLOOR Jewelers and Silversmiths G. W. Fairchild & Sons Inc. Jewelry and Silverware of Exceptional Merit, Priced Most Reasonably Main at Arcade BRIDGEPORT	CHURCH & MORSE Hardware—Housefurnishings Good Merchandise—Fair Prices 45-47 South Colony Street Phone 550	JATIMER LAUNDRY 33 WALNUT STREET FOR QUALITY AND SERVICE Loomant Herrmann's WOMAN'S APPAREL SPECIALISTS MIDDLETOWN	Wuchert & Lake Men's and Boys' Wear See Our Speedy New Spring Arrivals for Easter at Popular Prices Tel. 150 142 MAIN STREET	de BRUYCKER Bread, Rolls and Cakes of Quality FRONT BUILDING TELEPHONE NORWALK 3187 518 West Avenue—Norwalk, Conn.	It's Easy to Bank by Mail! Our New illustrated booklet tells all about our convenient "banking by mail" method. Send for your copy now. Interest compounded quarterly	Whitney's ALBANY, N. Y.	Send Your DRY CLEANING to L. C. TYLER Phone 1017-W 17 COURT ST.
WATKIN'S ART & FURNITURE STORE We are supplying furniture for the new "Beach Hotel." Can't be of service to you! Prices most moderate.	HARPER METHOD Shampooing Facial Manicuring French Curl Marcelling Water Waving	Good Things to Eat Mrs. Heffins Food Shop and Dining Rooms 15 HIGH SCHOOL AVENUE	AGLOW WITH NEW SPRING FASHIONS	LUCAS BROS., Inc. STATIONERY for Business and Personal Use 219-223 East Baltimore Street	TRY IT WERDENBERG'S Clothers and Furnishers for Men and Boys 200 WEST WATER ST.		
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New York		New York		New York		New York		New York		New York		New York	
KENMORE <i>(Continued)</i>		Long Island		MOUNT VERNON <i>(Continued)</i>		NEWBURGH <i>(Continued)</i>		Borough of Brooklyn <i>(Continued)</i>		Borough of Queens		PORT CHESTER <i>(Continued)</i>	
Kenmore Coal and Ice Co. MOVING 16 Lincoln Blvd. Ri. 1320		HEMPSTEAD <i>(Continued)</i> We are now ready with a complete line of Men's Wear for Easter and Spring Wear		The Kaplan Markets ASK YOUR NEIGHBOR		Burger's Everything to furnish the home		Plumbing and Heating In all parts of Greater New York Estimates cheerfully given		FOREST HILLS <i>(Continued)</i>		Shagmoor TOP COATS	
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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1929

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"

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EDITORIALS

The Independent Russian Peasant

IN THE current number of Foreign Affairs, William Henry Chamberlin, who has for seven years been the correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor at Moscow, discusses in a very illuminating way the condition of the Russian peasants, and their attitude toward the Bolshevik state. Competent observers of Russia believe that in the position to be assumed by the peasants will rest the final solution of the economic problems with which that nation is wrestling. The Bolsheviks at the outset sought and obtained peasant support during the period of active revolution, and believed, and still believe, that the immense mass of agricultural workers can ultimately be brought into harmony with the Marxian ideals. The land was taken away from the former landlords, and distributed among the peasants, who, as long as this process was going on, were sturdy revolutionaries.

Now there are 25,000,000 homesteads in Russia, theoretically owned by the state, but controlled by the peasant producers who at heart think they own them. And being thus raised to the position of landed proprietors, though of but small quantities of land each, they look askance upon Bolshevism. As Mr. Chamberlin says of the peasants, after the distribution of the soil:

Once this process was completed they became, for the most part, zealous upholders of the rights of individual private property; and after a decade of mingled economic pressure and economic persuasion by the Soviet authorities, barely 2 per cent of the peasants have been induced to try their fortunes in collective farms.

One thing that impedes complete control of the peasantry from Moscow is the fact that the old, unquestioning, docile, plodding type of peasant is yielding to a more progressive type. Two million Russian soldiers, most of them peasants who went to war, were captured by the Germans at various times and spent months and even years in Germany performing forced labor on German farms and in other industries. They saw the higher standard of living amongst the German peasants, and now, returning to their own homes, seek for themselves more of the better things of life. But the policy of the Bolsheviks is to check at every point any increasing prosperity on the part of individual peasants. The endeavor is to keep them all on a dead level; to force them, if possible, into collective farming; to organize the poor peasants in opposition to those who have by greater industry, superior skill, and perhaps more cunning, secured a larger quantity of land and a greater measure of material prosperity.

That policy justifies the capitalistic charge that Marxian Socialism means the leveling down, not the raising up, of individual conditions. Against it the peasants set themselves stubbornly. Less than 2 per cent, as Mr. Chamberlin quotes above, have been willing to go into the system of co-operative farming encouraged by the Government. There are constant attacks upon Communists and active Soviet agencies in the villages, so that the figures of such crimes, and the executions in retaliation for them, sound almost like the record of a considerable civil war. Mr. Chamberlin shrewdly says:

Inasmuch as Soviet agrarian policy, especially since the Fifteenth Party Congress, is avowedly designed to repress the rich and to help the poor, one may wonder why its application has provoked so many murderous assaults in the country districts. There are few Russian villages where the poor peasants do not outnumber the rich ones by ten to one.

It is apparent, therefore, that the perplexities that beset the Bolshevik Administration are not all of external origin. The relations of the Soviet state with foreign countries do indeed occupy the greater part of the attention of the ablest leaders in Russia. Their efforts to encourage foreign trade and to break down foreign antagonisms are unceasing. But it would seem that the real basic problem confronting them rests in the endeavor to bring the peasantry, who constitute the overwhelming majority of the Russian people, into harmony with Bolshevik ideals. Thus far little progress has been made in this direction, and Mr. Chamberlin's article clearly shows that this agrarian challenge to Marxist doctrines must be answered, if there is to be coherence of economic policy in Russia.

London's "Bobby" Exonerated

WHEN Sir William Horwood, predecessor to Lord Byng as commissioner of the London metropolitan police, issued his farewell address to the force he had so long commanded, he expressed his confidence in his members in the following terms:

You are passing through a difficult time. Let this not discourage you. So long as you continue to do your duty honestly and fearlessly you can afford to disregard calumnies and exaggerations. I am absolutely confident that it (the force) will emerge with added strength and with that universal esteem which was so strikingly expressed at the time of the general strike in 1926.

Sir William's confidence has been sustained up to the hit, and the London police force has emerged, almost triumphantly, from a thorough and conscientious investigation lasting more than seven months, conducted by Lord Lee of Fareham and eight other equally prominent persons including two women. The chairman at the outset of the report which has just been

issued said that there was no attempt at "white-washing" the police force, but an endeavor to remove any cause of complaint which might exist.

It is hardly an exaggeration to say that English-speaking people not only of the British Isles but the world over will rejoice to learn that the London "Bobby," who has always been held in high repute for rectitude, probity and general uprightness of character, probably not equalled, certainly not excelled, by any police force in the world, has still a right to that reputation. He remains the example to the world of what a constable should be—courteous, considerate, patient.

To turn to the report: In the first place the police are completely acquitted of the charge of using "third degree" methods, a charge which was rather widely made and circulated during the somewhat notorious Money-Savidge cause célèbre. It is true that the commissioners say that corruption was not entirely "unknown" among the 56,000 members, but they add that the charges had been greatly exaggerated.

Certain charges of minor nature were borne out, but it is worthy of note that seven months of microscopic investigation failed to show any connivance with crime, any wholesale graft, or any charge of "protection." In a word, such crimes are unknown to the London police.

London breathes a sigh of relief; the Englishman can still be justifiably proud of his much-boasted police force.

Belying Its National Colors

ONE fact has been clearly established in relation to the incident which led up to the pursuit and sinking of the British schooner I'm Alone by United States Coast Guard cutters in the Gulf of Mexico. This is that the schooner, operating under Canadian registry, was built for and had continuously been used in carrying on an illicit traffic in contraband liquors between foreign ports and those of the United States. Its master made no secret of this fact after his arrest. For five years, according to evidence in the possession of the Treasury Department at Washington, it made false clearances from British ports, claiming the protection of the British flag.

Beyond this, as is quite natural, there is lacking that full agreement as to the facts which might obviate any dispute as to the technical right of a ship flying the flag of a friendly nation to protection in the waters of another nation. There is lack of agreement as to the position of the challenged schooner when officers of the Coast Guard insisted upon the right to board her and inspect her cargo. As to the right to pursue and capture her, assuming that pursuit was begun legally, there can be no serious disagreement. It would be futile to assert the right to pursue and overtake and then agree that force sufficient to compel surrender should not be used in case the suspect refused to heave to.

It cannot be claimed for the I'm Alone and its master and crew that they come to the bar of public opinion with clean hands. Their business was so notoriously illegal that they are without that standing which would entitle those otherwise engaged to the sympathetic support of nationals whose flag theoretically protects strangers in friendly foreign waters.

As between Great Britain and the United States there has been established almost complete accord in the matter of dealing with habitual violators of the prohibition law. Because of such friendly understanding the enforcement officers have been able to abolish rum row, that long line of skulking blockade runners which once claimed immunity because of the ancient three-mile limit rule. By agreement the British Government has conceded the right of the United States to prevent, by effective means, the invasion of its territorial waters by offending rum ships. The former rules of etiquette have been abrogated by the necessities of the case, and it has been quite generally agreed that those engaged in an outlawed traffic are no credit to the flag under which they seek protection.

The appeal of those penalized through the sinking of the I'm Alone seems not to have fallen upon sympathetic ears. By the sensational press of two countries the incident has been seized upon as one capable of being distorted into one of alarming potentialities. But among the calmer and more considerate journals it seems quite generally to have been accepted as a matter of course that those engaged in an outlawed traffic are no credit to the flag under which they seek protection.

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AFTER several months of indecision, producers of motion pictures in the United States have decided to make audible films almost exclusively. Fox Films, the latest to announce policies, commit themselves altogether to the talkies. This firm, having an eighteen months' supply of silent films in stock, believes the time has come to devote itself wholly to sound pictures. The presumption is that during the next year and a half a great proportion of the cinemas will become wired for the projection of talking films.

A big financial factor lies behind this new phase of the motion picture industry. Primarily the reason for the change lies in the fact that the "talkies" have recently, unmistakably, made good. Each of the large production organizations has at last succeeded in making a picture that as a whole or in considerable part proves that sound films can provide satisfactory entertainment, both to those who know values in spoken drama and to those who are desirous of seeing the mobile qualities of motion pictures preserved.

Having justified the immense sums that have been poured into the industry for experimental work on sound films, the producing firms at last are in position to go to high finance with their new product. In a word, the banking interests have accepted the talkies, now that the public has welcomed the best examples of them. The motion picture industry today is entering upon an era of efficiency such as it has never known. Those who are supplying the vast sums for the new development are indirect business associates with the electrical interests that have

made sound films possible. Judging from the results achieved by similar powerful groups, the talkies in bringing in a new and modern type of business control have opened a new day for motion pictures.

Practical Patriotism

GOOD newspaper men are resourceful. If they find themselves at an impasse they do not permanently retire. They approach from another angle. If they meet with a difficult situation, they hunt around for a means to overcome it. Sometimes innocent ruses are employed. Some of these stratagems are as clever as they are efficient. And the public seldom if ever hears of the subterfuges which ambitious newspaper men have used in order to obtain what they believed was information the public should have.

But all this is a diversion and is leading to a little incident in the daily routine of a particular newspaper photographer. He was called upon to obtain a picture of the great crowd in Mechanics Hall, Boston, during the recent Centennial Flower Show. An exposure was necessary to good results. The camera was set up and adjusted. Everything was ready except the crowd, which, unaware that preparations were being made for a picture, was surging to and fro in a most exasperating way. Something must be done to obtain a few seconds of inactivity. He could not wildly wave his arms and shout his orders. In the din and turmoil of the great hall he would not have been even heard. A moment or two of perplexity—a frown—a stroke of the chin, and then—a smile. He had it! The band was selecting its music for the next offering. Why not try it? He would! Stepping over to the leader's stand he whispered in his ear. A nod of the head—the baton is raised—the strains of the "Star-Spangled Banner" sweep through the great auditorium—instantly everybody is at attention and—the photograph is taken.

South America to the Fore

THE increased interest in South America, following Mr. Hoover's visit to the southern republics, is well illustrated in the growing number of inquiries reported by steamship lines plying between New York and both the east and west coasts of South America. Coincidentally, several of these lines are bringing out new vessels which, although ordered prior to the visit of Mr. Hoover to the Southern Hemisphere, will enter service at a most opportune time.

Four new vessels are to be engaged in a new passenger service on behalf of the Furness Prince Line from New York to important east coast cities, such as Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Montevideo and Buenos Aires, while the Grace Line, which is now well established in the west coast trade through the Panama Canal, already has two new motorships in its service, with a third now under construction. In addition to these lines, the Munson Line and Lamport and Holt serve the east coast and the Pacific and the South America lines serve the west coast. A total of seven ships now operates to east coast points, with four new ones shortly to enter service, and eight to west coast points, with a new one, which probably will replace one of the present ships when completed, well under way.

Yet even with the increased number of inquiries, it is a fact that the patronage is insufficient to fill the ships now engaged in the trade. Freight offerings are substantial in volume, it is reported, but the passenger space is seldom filled. The field is, relatively, an undeveloped one from a tourist standpoint.

Have You Bought Your 1929 Plane?

ALMOST unnoticed, aviation has flown to a new perch! Frequently in recent years it has swept across the front pages of the newspapers, glided into the editorials and soared among the stock market quotations; now it makes a full-page landing in the advertising section of a metropolitan daily. At last airplanes are advertised like motorcars. Is anything more needful to convince the skeptical that commercial aviation is truly commercial?

Curious remembrance of a motorcar announcement, yet strikingly different, is the phraseology of this pioneer airplane "ad." There is a familiar ring to its "thirty-two miles on one gallon of gasoline," but "fuselage of chrome molybdenum steel—of streamline design," carries a strangely alien tone. With "low-priced, sturdy and safe," "full vision," "trim and sporty," the reader feels himself on firm ground, but "cockpit," "stick" and "wings of the highest quality spruce" leave the mere motorist somewhat "up in the air." Nothing is said about "four-wheel brakes" or "easy riding," but "quick take-off" and "built for lift" are emphasized. And in that important item, the price quotation, the familiar "spare tire and bumper extra" becomes "less engine and propeller."

A generation ago the motorcar advertisements which present such a ubiquitous flood today were only beginning to roll onto the printed pages. Will the airplane fly into public favor with equal speed? Announcements such as this may well be considered milestones in such development, for here is more than an "ad." in an aeronautical journal or trade magazine; here is an appeal to the general public. It means that the newspaper reader has become a possible buyer, a prospective flier!

Editorial Notes

Ontario is seeking to amend its liquor law with the object of remedying some of its outstanding defects. Its main defect of course is that it allows the sale of intoxicants. Why not amend the act by making the sale entirely illegal?

The women of Turkey are hopeful of soon getting the vote. The Province of Quebec must hurry up if it does not wish to earn the reproach of being one of the few civilized places on earth which refuses its women the suffrage.

Mopping up the wet is all right, but the courts should see to it that the mop is kept wrung out so it can continue to mop up.

Stock market reports are not so clamorous on the under side; a shout is always louder than a sob.

In Old New Mexico

II

WITHIN easy reach by motor from Santa Fe are many localities associated with Indian life, both ancient and modern. At Pecos, we visited an old pueblo, the houses of which were built in rows about a quadrangle, one above the other, but with each succeeding story receding after the manner of the present style of skyscrapers in New York. It is thought that this style of architecture lent itself to defense better than any other. A stream at the back supplied water for irrigation of the crops of corn, squash, and beans which furnished the chief subsistence of the members of the Pueblo tribe who used to live here. It is believed that these Indians, except perhaps, goats captured from the near-by mountains.

Archaeologists who have given much attention to the excavations of these ruins place their date far back of the Christian era, even as far as 2500 B.C. The evidences consist largely of the remains of pottery, upon the color and style of which the estimates are based. Without a shred of written evidence by which to locate their place in time, the undertaking seems much like searching in utter darkness. A large mission built of red sandstone, the ruins of which now stand, was founded at the Pecos pueblo soon after Coronado's invasion; and the adobe houses were inhabited until 1840.

The pueblo remains of Puyé to the northwest of Santa Fe are even more picturesque, and they are also more extensive. Here are exemplified the three types of dwellings of the ancient Indians. The community house was built in terraced recesses, five stories in height, on top of a steep cliff. In the sheer face of the cliff were many houses like caves, each of a single room, those on the same level being entered from a common trail passing in front. As the rock of the cliff is soft tufa, which crumbles in the fingers, the labor of excavation was much less than at first appears. The domed roofs are still coated with soot from the smoke of many fires, and in some of the houses it is apparent that successive coats of soot were covered with plaster, indicating that the houses were inhabited through a very long period.

The third type of house was built in the talus at the foot of the cliff. The roofs were supported by timbers pushed into holes in the cliff. Long rows of these holes in nearly straight lines and at regular intervals of about ten feet above the base of the cliff are still to be observed.

The houses of this type were built of blocks of stone and sun-baked red clay. The pueblo had a population of 2500 or more, a number which appears conservative when the extent of the cliff dwellings and the pueblo on top are considered.

The Santa Clara Indians, now living in a comparatively comfortable pueblo on the road from Santa Fe, are the descendants of the occupants of the ancient pueblo of Puyé.

The Indians of the Southwest may be broadly divided into two groups, those having a communal life in a village or pueblo, and nomads having no fixed abode. Each group has many subdivisions. The Pueblos have more than a score of villages, those at Santa Clara, Tesuque, and San Domingo being typical. Apaches, Navahos, Utes, and Blackfeet are among the nomads. The efforts of the

Federal Government to establish the various tribes in reservations have somewhat modified the life of the nomads. Of the three pueblos we visited all are engaged in agriculture, and have the benefit of irrigation. All have flocks, but corn and wheat raising is their principal industry.

In each pueblo, both ancient and modern, there are held the secret ceremonies of the tribe. At the modern pueblo of Santa Domingo are two very large kivas. The kiva is always round, and varies in diameter from a dozen feet to more than forty. Entrance is through a hole in the top by means of a ladder made of two saplings extending far above the roof of the house. Into the kiva of a modern village no white man ever enters. What goes on there is largely conjecture, so far as the white man is concerned. Boys are trained in the kiva for long periods, but of just what the training consists is not known outside.

Through a small hole in the roof of a kiva at the old pueblo of Puyé, I descended by the ladder to the bottom. The structure was not more than fifteen feet across and nine feet in height. In the bottom were ten holes, a foot or more deep, six in a row and at regular intervals of about a foot and connected at the bottom. Our courier said that when this was first entered by archaeologists a rawhide thong was found running through the connected holes. The purpose of all this is wholly conjectural.

Interest in the great Southwest is growing apace. Artists and writers of history and fiction have fixed attention upon this wonderland, to the purpose that many travelers are now turning their footsteps in this direction. It is a land of romance and of mystery. Its picturesque mountains, its high plateaus, covered with sage over which flocks roams at will, its high mesas carved by the forces of nature into shapes so regular as to suggest architectural masonry of high order and presenting an unbelievable variety of color, and back of all the Indian with a tradition lost in the dim past, but still maintaining many of his primitive superstitions, customs, and habits, offer a complexity of interest without parallel in this or any other country.

Here the archaeologist and ethnologist finds much to spur him on. Here the student of nature comes with held glass and camera to study a variety of birds, animals, butterflies, plants, and minerals extensive enough to satisfy the most exacting. Here, too, comes the nature lover, for both mountain and plateau abound in game. Mountain sheep, antelope, deer, black, brown, cinnamon, and grizzly bear, mountain lion, bobcats, wolves, coyotes, and many lesser animals are still abundant. Here, too, the fisherman finds streams that would satisfy the modern Izaak Walton. Access to these wonderful works, both of nature and of man, is now made comparatively easy. Motor service established by the Fred Harvey Company takes the traveler with comfort and in safety to spots comparatively inaccessible but a short time ago. And where this service extends, hotel or camp accommodations are furnished up to the high standard established along the Santa Fe for many years. Those who have partaken of this hospitality know its quality. Those who have not, have something to look forward to in efficient and courteous service. A. F. G.

Notes From Peiping

PEIPING (Peking) ammunition they desired. While the editor admits that the embargo has been only partially effective, he believes that it has assisted the Central Government and would continue to do so. As an alternative to the embargo first proposed by the United States Minister in Peiping in April, 1919, he proposes that an international agreement be made to permit the export to China only of firearms and munitions for which a license has previously been obtained from the Chinese customs authorities.

According to a census of Peiping undertaken by the local self-government association, the population of the former capital is 1,356,968. These figures come as a surprise to those who believed the population of Peiping had been considerably reduced since the capital was removed to Nanking. If the census was accurate, the city is holding its own remarkably, and the exodus has not been nearly so great as was generally believed.

Chinese girls are still marrying at a much earlier age than in Western countries, even in such enlightened centers as Peiping, according to figures compiled by the Peiping Bureau of Public Health. During recent months, the bureau states, marriages of girls of fifteen were not uncommon, and most of the brides were nineteen years old or younger. Men are marrying later, usually between the ages of twenty and twenty-four years. The Kuomintang reformers have urged later marriages, contending that such early marriages as are still common in China are not conducive to happiness.

Letters to The Christian Science Monitor